The Columbian
—AND—
Bloomsburg Democrat.
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING
IN THE COLUMBIAN BUILDING NEAR THE COURT HOUSE, BY
CHARLES B. BROCKWAY,
Editor and Proprietor.
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JOB PRINTING
All descriptions executed with neatness and dispatch at reasonable rates.

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SPACE.	1m.	2m.	3m.	6m.	1y.
One square	$2.50	$3.00	$4.00	$6.00	$10.00
Two squares	3.50	5.00	7.00	9.00	15.00
Three squares	5.00	7.00	9.00	12.00	18.00
Four squares	7.00	9.00	11.00	17.00	25.00
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Bloomsburg Directory.

STOVES AND TINWARE.

M. RUPERT, dealer in stoves & tinware, Rupert block, Main st. west of Market. vl-n43

COR METZ, dealer in stoves and tinware Main street, above court house. vl-n43

CLOTHING, &c.

AVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor, Main st., 2d door above American House. vl-n43

M. MORRIS, Merchant Tailor and Agent for the New Perham Sewing Machine, corner of Iron and Main sts., over Miller's store. vl-n35

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c.

P. LUTZ, Druggist and Apothecary. Main st., below the Post Office. vl-n43

OYER BROS., Druggists and Apothecaries, Brower's block Main st. vl-n43

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &c.

F. SAVAGE, dealer in Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, Main st., just below the American ise. vl-43

IS BERNHARD, Watch and Clock maker, ear southeast corner Main and Iron sts. vl-43

NRY ZUPPINGER, Watches, Spectacles & ewelry &c., Main Street near West st. v3 n15

CATHCART, Watch and Clock Maker, Market street, below Main. vl-n43

BOOTS AND SHOES.

SOLLEDER, Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Main street, opposite Episcopal Church. vl-n43

VID BETZ, Boot and Shoemaker, Main st., below Hartman's store, west of Market. vl-43

NRY KLEIM, Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Groceries, etc., Main street, Bloomsburg. vl-n43

PROFESSIONAL.

H. C. HOWER, Surgeon Dentist, Main st., above the Court House. vl-n43

WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician, Exchange Block over Webb's book store v3-n28

B. F. KINNEY, Surgeon Dentist.—Teeth extracted without pain: Main st., nearly opposite Episcopal Church. vl-n46

R. IKELER, Attorney-at-Law, Office, 2d floor in Exchange Block, near the "Exchange Hotel." v3-n1

G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law, Office, 2d floor in Exchange Block, near the "Exchange Hotel." v4-n3

R. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main st., below Market. vl-n43

R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, south side Main street, below Market. vl-n43

C. RUTTER, M. D. Surgeon and Physician Market street, above Main. vl-n43

B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law, Office Hartman's building, Main street. v2-n20

ILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

PETERMAN, Millinery and Fancy Goods, opposite Episcopal Church, Main st. vl-n43

SS LIZZIE BARKLEY, Milliner, Ramsey building Main street, vl-n43

SS A. D. WEBB, Fancy Goods, Notions, ooks, and Stationery, Exchange Block, Main st. vl-n43

SS. E KLINE, Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main street below Market. vl-n43

S. JULIA A. & SADE BARKLEY, Ladies' ooks and Dress Patterns, southeast corner n and West sts. vl-n43

E MISSES HARMAN Millinery and Fancy oods, Main st., below American House, vl-n43

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

ERRIAN HOUSE, by John Leacock, Main street, west of Iron street. vl-n43

LUMBIA HOTEL, by B. Stohner, Main st., bove Court House. vl-n43

RS HOTEL, by Geo. W. Mauger, east end f Main street. vl-43

LEACOCK, Oyster and Eating saloon, American House, Main st., Baltzer Leacock superintendent. vl-n45

DMYER & JACOBY, Confectionery, Bakery nd Oyster Saloon, wholesale and retail. Exge Block, Main street. vl-n43

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

C. MARR, Dry Goods and Notions, southwest corner Main and Iron sts. vl-n43

B. SEESHOLTZ, dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots, Shoes, &c., corner Main and streets. v3-n30

A. BECKLEY, Boot and Shoe store, books stationery, Main st., below Market. vl-n43

ACOBS, Confectionery, groceries etc., Main st., below Iron vl-46

MENDENHALL, General Stock of Merchandise and Lumber, corner of Main street and ick road. vl-n41

X & WEBB, Confectionery and Bakery, holesale and retail, Exchange Block. vl-n43

C. HOWER, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Main st., above Court House. vl-n43

. BROWER, Dry Goods, Groceries, etc., corer Main st. and Court House alley. vl-n43

BBINS & EYER, dealer in Dry Goods, Groeries, etc., cor. Main and Centre sts. vl-n43

. GIRTON, Groceries & Provisions, Main street below Market. vl-n44

. EYER, Groceries and General Merchanise. Main st., above West. vl-43

KELVY, NEAL & CO., dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour, Feed, Salt, Fish, Iron, Nails, N. E. cor. Main and Market sts. vl-n43

H. MILLER & SON, dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Flour, Salt, Shoes, ons, etc., Exchange Block, Main st. vl-n43

RAMER & A. E. HAYHURST, Dealers in Groceries, Confectionories and Notions, Scott, south side, Main st. v2-n18

LLIAM ERASMUS, Confectionories, Main st., near the railroad. vl-n43

MISCELLANEOUS.

WITMAN, Marble Works, one door below Post Office, Main Street. vl-n43

OOMSBURG LUMBER CO., manufacturers and dealers in Lumber of all kinds; Planing near the railroad. vl-n6

OSTER, Glue Maker, and White and Fancy ainter, Scottown. vl-n47

M. CHRISTMAN, Saddle, Trunk & Harnessmaker, Shive's Block Main Street. vl-n6

W. ROBBINS, Liquor dealer second door from northwest corner Main and Iron sts. vl-n43

R. BIDLEMAN, Agent for Munson's Copper ubular Lightning Rod. n2v19

J. THORNTON, Wall Paper, Window Shades nd Fixtures, Rupert block, Main st. vl-46

W. CORELL, Furniture Rooms, three story rick, Main Street, west of Market st. vl-n43

ROSENSTOCK, Photographer, over Robbins & Eyer's Store, Main st. vl-43

. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Chemung's alley, rear of American House. vl-43

IN A. FUNSTON & CO., mutual and cash ire Insurance companies, Brower's Building, Main Street. vl-n43

MES CADMAN, Cabinetmaker and Chairmaker; rooms Main street bel. Iron. v3-n24

W. SAMPLE & Co., Machinists, East Bloomsburg, near Lock. R. R. Castings made at short notice. Machinery made and repaired. v2-n23

H. RINGLER, dealer in pianos, organs and melodeons, at G. W. Cornell's furniture rooms vl-n43

MUEL JACOBY, Marble and Brown Stone orks, East Bloomsburg, Berwick road. vl-n46

PEACOCK, Notary Public, northeast corner Main and Market st. vl-n43

Orangeville Directory.

A. & E. W. COLEMAN, Merchant Tailors and Gent's furnishing goods, Main St., next door to the Brick Hotel. vl-n47

A. B. HERRING & BROTHER, Carpenters and Builders, Main st., below Pine. vl-n47

BOWER & HERRING, dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Lumber and general Merchandise, Main st. vl-n47

BRICK HOTEL and refreshment Saloon, by Rohr M'Henry cor. of Main and Pine st., vl-n47

DR. O. A. MEGARGEL, Physician and Surgeon, Main st., next door to Good's Hotel vl-n47

DAVID HERRING, Flour and Grist Mill, and Dealer in grain, Mill Street. vl-n47

H. H. & C. KELCHNER, Blacksmith s, on Mill Street, near Pine. vl-n47

JAMES B. HARMAN, Cabinet Maker and Undertaker, Main St., below Pine. vl-n47

J. M. HARMAN, Saddle and Harness maker, Main st., opposite Frame Church. v2n11

JOHN FRYMIRE, Saddle and Harness maker, Main st., above the Swan Hotel. vl-n47

LEWIS H. SCHUYLER, Iron founder, Machinist, and Manufacturer of plows, Mill St. vl-n47

MILES A. WILLIAMS & Co., Tanners and Manufacturers of leather, Mill Street. vl-n47

SAMUEL SHARPLESS, Maker of the Hayhurst Grain Cradle, Main St. v2n5.

WILLIAM DELONG Shoemaker and manufacturer of Brick, Mill St., west of Pine vl-n49

Catawissa.

B. F. DALLMAN, Merchant Tailor, Second St., Robbins' Building. v2-n18

DR. J. K. ROBBINS, Surgeon and Physician Second St., below Main. v2-n18

GILBERT & KLINE, dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise, Main Street v2-n12

J. B. KISTLER, "Catawissa House," North Corner Main and Second Streets. v2n18

L. KEILER, Billard Saloon, Oysters, and Ice Cream in season Main St. v2n12

M. BROBST, dealer in General Merchandise Dry Goods, Groceries &c. v2-n18

SUSQUEHANNA or Brick Hotel, S. Kostenbauder Proprietor, south-east corner Main and Second Street. v2n12

S. D. RINARD, dealer in Stoves and Tin-ware, Main Street. v2n12

WM. H. ABBOTT, Attorney at law, Main St. v2n12

Light Street.

A. H. IRVINE, Medical Store Main Street, and Briarcreek Road. v3n19

H. F. OMAN & Co., Wheelwrights, first door above School House. vl-n46

JOHN A. OMAN, Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, vl-n46

J. J. LEISER, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, Office at Keller's Hotel. v2n27

PETER ENT, dealer in Dry Goods Groceries, Flour, Feed, Salt, Fish, Iron, Nails, etc., Main Street. vl-n45

R. S. ENT, dealer in Stoves and Tin ware in all its branches. vl-n46

Espy.

B. F. REIGHARD, & BRO., dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, and general Merchandise. v2n11

ESPY STEAM FLOURING MILLS, C.S. Fowler, Proprietor. v2n46

J. D. WERKHEISER, Boot and Shoe Store and manufactory. Shop on Main Street opposite the Steam Mill. v2n1

T. W. EDGAR, Susquehanna Planing Mill and Box Manufactory. v2n11

Buck Horn.

M. G. & W. H. SHOEMAKER, dealers in dry goods, groceries and general merchandise, First store in south end of town. v2-n18

Business Cards.

M. M. L'VELLE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Ashland, Schuylkill County Pa.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Court House Alley, below the COLUMBIAN Office. Bounties, Back-Pay and Pensions collected. Bloomsburg Pa. sep.29'67

ROBERT F. CLARK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Main Street below the Court House. Bloomsburg Penn'a.

E. H. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Court-House Alley, below the COLUMBIAN Office, Bloomsburg Pa.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
☞ OFFICE—Court House Alley, in the COLUMBIAN building. [Jan4,'67.

E. J. THORNTON would announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity, that he has just received a full and complete assortment of
WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES,
FIXTURES, CORDS, TASSELS,
and all other goods in his line of business. All the newest and most approved patterns of the day are always to be found in his establishment. mar.5,'69-tf Main St, below Market.

J. B. PURSEL,
HARNESS, SADDLE, AND TRUNK
MANUFACTURER,
and dealer in
CARPET-BAGS, VALISES, FLY-NETS,
BUFFALO ROBES, HORSE-BLANKETS &c.,
which he feels confident he can sell at lower rate than any other person in the county. Examine for yourselves.
Shop third door below the Court House, Main Street, Bloomsburg, Pa.
nov. 15,'67.

SENT FREE!
M. O'KEEFE, SON & CO.'S
SEED CATALOGUE
And GUIDE to the
FLOWER and VEGETABLE
Garden, For 1870.
Published in January. Every lover of flowers wishing this new and valuable work, free of charge, should address immediately M. O'Keefe Son & Co., Ellwanger & Barry's Block Rochester, N. Y. Dec. 3,'69.-6m

PIMPLES.
The undersigned will cheerfully mail (FREE) to all who wish it the Recipe and full directions for preparing and using a simple and Beautiful Vegetable Balm, that will immediately remove Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Blotches, and all eruptions and impurities of the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.
He will also send (FREE) instructions for producing by very simple means, a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face in less than thirty days from first application.
The above can be obtained by return mail by addressing THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist, P. O. Box 5128, 195 Broadway, New York. Aug. 6,'69-1y.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.
A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing with perfect confidence, can do so by addressing with perfect confidence,
JOHN B. OGDEN,
No. 42 Cedar street, New York.
Nov. 26,'69-1y.

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING neatly executed at THE COLUMBIAN Steam Printing Office.

Philadelphia Directory.

Major E. R. ARTMAN, C. H. DILLINGER, M. MORY
ARTMAN, DILLINGER & CO.,
NO. 101 NORTH THIRD ST. PHILADELPHIA,
Two doors above Arch, formerly 226,
MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS IN
CARPETS, COTIONS, YARNS, BATTING,
OIL CLOTHS, CARPET CHAINS, CORDAGE,
OIL SHADES, GRAIN BAGS, TIE YARN,
WICK YARN, WINDOW PAPER, COVERLETS,
—ALSO,—
WILLOW AND WOODEN WARE
BROOMS, BRUSHES, LOOKING GLASSES, TRUNKS.
feb. 5,'69.

EAGLE HOTEL.
227 NORTH THIRD STREET,
R. D. CUMMINGS, PROPRIETOR.

ESTABLISHED 1793.
JORDAN & BROTHER,
Wholesale Grocers, and Dealers in
SALTPETRE AND BRIMSTONE
No 249 North Third St.
Philadelphia.

G. W. BLABON & CO.,
Manufacturers of
OIL CLOTHS AND WINDOW SHADES,
Warehouse, No. 124 North Third Street
Philadelphia.

GEORGE H. ROBERTS,
Importer and Dealer in
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS, &c.
No. 311 North Third Street, above Vine
Philadelphia.

C. H. HORNE. W. S. KING. J. B. SEYBERT.
HORNE, KING & SEYBERT,
WHOLESALE DRY GOODS,
No. 421 Market Street
PHILADELPHIA.
Orders filled promptly at lowest prices.
January 3, 1868.

H. W. RANK'S
WHOLESALE TOBACCO, SNUFF, AND
CIGAR WAREHOUSE,
No. 146 North Third Street,
Between Cherry and Race, west side.
Philadelphia.

I. H. WALTER,
Late Walter & Kaub,
Importer and Dealer in
CHINA, GLASS, AND QUEENSWARE,
No. 251 N. Third Street,
Philadelphia.

J. M. KEPHEART,
WITH
BARNES, BRO. & HERRON,
HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS & FURS,
No. 503 Market Street,
(Above Fifth,)
PHILADELPHIA.

JOHN STROUP & CO.,
Successors to Stroup & Brother,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN FISH,
No. 24 North Wharves and 25 North Third St
Philadelphia.

RICHARDSON L. WRIGHT, JR.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
NO. 128 SOUTH SIXTH STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
oct. 22,'69-1y

SNYDER, HARRIS & BASSETT,
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING,
Nos. 525 Market, and 522 Commerce Street,
Philadelphia.

WILLIAM FISHER
WITH
THOMAS CARSON & CO.
WHOLESALE
DEALERS IN HOSIERY,
MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,
LINENS & NOTIONS,
No. 18 NORTH FOURTH STREET
Philadelphia.
june 4,'69-6m

WARTMAN & ENGELMAN,
TOBACCO, SNUFF & SEGAR
MANUFACTORY,
No. 313 NORTH THIRD STREET,
Second Door below Wood,
PHILADELPHIA.
J. W. WARTMAN. P. ENGELMAN.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
Dealers in
TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES
RICE, SPICES, BI CARD SODA, &C., &C.
☞ Orders will receive prompt attention. may 10,67-1f.

Hotels.

COLUMBIA HOTEL.
BY
BERNARD STOHNER.
Having lately purchased and fitted up the well-known Robison Hotel Property, located a
FEW DOORS ABOVE THE COURT HOUSE,
on the same side of the street, in the town of Bloomsburg; and having obtained a license for the same as a
HOTEL AND RESTARANT,
the Proprietor has determined to give to the people visiting the town on business or pleasure,
A LITTLE MORE ROOM.
His stabling also is extensive, and is fitted up to put buggies and carriages in the dry. He promises that everything about his establishment shall be conducted in an orderly and lawful manner; and he respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage. [may 17'67-tf

THE ESPY HOTEL.
ESPY, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
The undersigned would inform the travelling public that he has taken the above named establishment and thoroughly refitted the same for the perfect convenience of his guests. His larder will be stocked with the best the market affords. The choicest liquors, wines and cigars always to be found in his bar.
WILLIAM PETTIT.
Espy, Pa.
Apr.23,69-tf

BRICK HOTEL,
ORANGEVILLE, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
ROHR M'HENRY, Proprietor.
This well known House, having been put in thorough repair, is now open to the travelling public. The bar is stocked with the choicest liquors and cigars, and the table will be, at all times, supplied with the delicacies of the season. No pains will be spared to insure the comfort of guests.
Orangeville, dec. 10,'69-tf.

OMNIBUS LINE.
The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and the public generally that he is running an
OMNIBUS LINE
between this place and the different railroad depots daily (Sundays excepted), to connect with the several trains going South and West on the Catawissa and Williamsport Railroad, and with those going North and South on the Lackawanna and Bloomsburg Railroad.
His Omnibusses are in good condition, commodious and comfortable, and charges reasonable.
Persons wishing to meet or see their friends depart, can be accommodated upon reasonable charge by leaving timely notice at any of the hotels.
JACOB L. GIRTON, Proprietor.

Choice Poetry.

By the Peach-Tree Wall

Where the manor-house garden is tangled the most,
By the door in the peach-tree wall,
You bade me farewell—for an hour, as you thought—
But we parted for once and for all.

Through the long white glare, how the peonies flamed
In the noon of the July day,
As you crossed the grass with the gold on your hair,
And the crickets leaped up where they lay.

The sunflowers, unwinning, looked straight at the south,
And the hollyhocks stood tall;
And the butterflies wavered, brown, azure, and red,
In the bush by the peach-tree wall.

After midsummer days with never a night,
Came the winter, the chill, and the rain;
When the hollyhock's life was asleep in the ground,
Till the peach blossoms flowered again.

And the wearisome months of waiting in vain,
Ever stealing my youth from me,
Ever straining my eyes through the darkness,
Ever stretching my arms o'er the sea.

For the fire of that sultry summer sun
Has burned down so deep in my heart,
Though years and the autumn bring calmness, my dear,
I am scarce now content to part.

For still when the July noons are come,
And the hollyhocks grow tall,
I walk and dream dreams as we dreamed, my dear,
Under the peach-tree wall.

When the passionate life-strife is over,
The folly, the chill, and the pain,
A shadow, in shadowless noontide,
Perhaps I may walk here again.

The Brave at Home.

BY THOMAS BUCHANAN READ.

The maid who binds her warrior's sash
With smile that well her pain dissembles,
The while beneath her drooping lash
One starry tear-drop hangs and trembles,
Though Heaven alone records the tear,
And Fame shall never know her story,
Her heart has shed a drop as dear
As e'er bedewed the field of glory!

The wife who girds her husband's sword,
'Mid little ones who weep or wonder,
And bravely speaks the cheering word,
What though her heart be rent asunder,
Doomed nightly in her dreams to hear
The bolts of death around him rattle,
Hath shed as sacred blood as e'er
Was poured upon the field of battle!

The mother who conceals her grief
While to her breast her son she presses,
Then breathes a few brave words and brief,
Kisses the patriot brow she blesses,
With no one but her secret God
To know the pain that weighs upon her,
Sheds holy blood as e'er the sod
Received on Freedom's field of honor!

Miscellaneous.

THE LUUR.

I was traveling late one summer evening through one of the most lonely and picturesque valleys of the western coast of Norway. It was impassible for all save the sure-footed mountain-pony of that country, so that I preferred often to trudge a few miles on foot, my luggage, rods, &c., being strapped on the pony's back. It was one of those delicious evenings that are to be found, I think, only in northern latitudes; for, though it was close on midnight, the sun still shone on the tops of the mountains that hemmed in either side of the narrow valley; while below was quite light enough to read the smallest print with ease. My guide and pony were about a couple of hundred yards in front of me, for I loitered behind, every now and then, to admire the grandeur of the scene, or to watch the ever shifting light on a distant glacier, which looked more like a sea of opal than anything else to which I can compare it. Indeed, every yard I advanced, there was something fresh to wonder at. Now it was a torrent falling perpendicularly downward from the heights above, and losing itself long ere it reached the bottom in masses of feathery spray, affording a wondrous display of aquatic fire-works; now it was a grand waterfall, leaping and dashing down the field side in impetuous haste to reach the river, that fretted and chafed along like an angry serpent at the bottom of the valley. And yet, with all the din and noise of the roaring flood, there was a deathly, oppressive stillness. Not a breath of wind stirred, not a sound of animal life was heard, save here and there the tinkling of a distant cow-bell, the whirring of a goat-sucker on the wing, or the splash of a salmon in the river below.

All at once, however, I was startled by hearing a loud though melodious sound far above my head among the rocks. It reminded me more of the Alpine horn than anything I had ever heard.

"What is that?" I inquired as I hastened on to catch up to my guide.

"It is a *luur!*" was the reply. A *luur* I must inform my readers, is a long horn made of birchen bark, which the peasants use to collect their cattle. It struck me at the time as being strange for people to be out at that time of night so late with their cattle; but my attention was soon diverted to other objects, and I daresay I dismissed the strangeness of the incident from my thoughts with the reflection that nothing could in truth be strange in a country where day and night were one.

Before long, I arrived at the farm-house where I was expected, and where I intended staying a few weeks salmon fishing. Late though it was, my host was waiting to receive me. He was a middle-aged man, with long flaxen hair flowing down to his shoulders, and was dressed in full national costume. He greeted me in true Norwegian style, and after expressing his fears that I must be weary, led the way into the house, where an ample supper was laid out for me. I had an introduction to him from a friend of his in Christiania, who promised me some excellent fishing, if I would consent to put up with a rough life for a few weeks.

Ingebret—such was the name in which my host rejoiced—was a tall, broad-built man. His features were finely chiselled; in fact, he was a person who could not fail to attract attention wherever he might be. He was a widower, but his only daughter, Ingeleiv, lived at home with him, and managed his domestic affairs for him. These two, with some half-dozen farm-servants and their families, who lived in huts close by the farm-house, formed the whole population to be found for a distance of several miles. Ingeleiv was a true specimen of a Norwegian mountain beauty; tall in figure like her father, with the same auburn hair, and blue melting eyes, she presented a picture that an artist would have loved to paint.

'Twas beauty truly blent, whose red and white
Nature's own sweet and cunning hand laid on.

There was something, too, about her that attracted my attention; perhaps it was her bearing, approaching almost to stateliness, that struck me. At all events, she seemed immeasurably superior to what a Norwegian farmer's daughter usually is.

But before retiring to bed, my host informed me, to my surprise, that he was a lineal descendant of the great Harald Haarfager ("fair-haired.") His family, he said with an air of conscious dignity, had never mingled with any who were not of royal blood. He was the last of his race, and before he died, he hoped to see his daughter married to a cousin of his, who lived I forgot where.

How strange it all seemed to me! There, amid the fastness of the mountains, to meet with a man who could trace his descent from kings whose names have left a stamp on the page of history. Turning these things over and over in my mind, I soon fell into a peaceful slumber. How long I slept I know not, but I was awakened by hearing the same plaintive sound of the luur on the mountain side opposite. I sprang out of bed, and throwing the window open, distinctly heard a voice calling or rather singing in a melodious key: "How is ——?" And here followed a word I could not catch; and then another voice at a long distance off took up the strain, and made some reply in the same harmonious key. I listened to hear it repeated, but all was still; so again seeking my couch, I resumed my dream about monstrous salmon and countless herds of reindeer.

Next morning I was soon down; and as Ingeleiv was laying out breakfast for me in the large kitchen, her father came in from seeing after his farm, and made earnest and polite inquiries about the way in which I had passed the night.

"Famously!" I answered; "but some of your people were early astir, for I could hear two voices on yonder mountains as if after the cows;" and putting my hand to my mouth I imitated as well as I could the sound I had heard.

"Strange!" he answered, "for I have no cattle on the mountain this summer. Did you hear it, Inga?" turning to his daughter.

But Inga's averted face, which was the color of scarlet, plainly showed me that she did know something more about it than her father knew. So thinking it might be a lover, and that they were obliged to adopt this method of courting, or of "luuring" each other, I quickly turned the subject and spoke of other things. From that day, however, Ingeleiv avoided me, and thus depriving me of any opportunity of finding out the mystery of the luur.

I will not fatigue my readers by dwelling on the sport I had with the salmon, nor yet on the excursions I made after reindeer in company with my host, who was a clever hunter and capital shot; suffice to say, I thoroughly enjoyed myself. But alas! it was time for me to think of leaving; and I was the more sorry, because I could see that Inga was evidently unhappy, and wore about her pretty and formerly cheerful face an air which betokened great mental suffering.

It was late in the evening when I bade my kind friends adieu, for I wished again to traverse that mountain valley by night. My *skytsboy* (they call them all boys in Norway, whether they be old men, or even of the opposite gender,) or post-boy, was an intelligent youth of two or three and twenty years. "We soon became great friends, and in less than half an hour he had communicated the history of his life to me. "He had been educated as a schoolmaster," he said, "but was now only a laboring servant on an adjacent farm."

"Everybody seems to fall instead of rise in these parts," I thought to myself, when he had concluded his tale. Our road lay up a steep rocky path. Carl—such was the lad's name—was leading the pony in front by the bridle, while I as usual was sauntering behind to catch a last long look of the lovely scene, when again I was aroused from my reverie by seeing him place his hands to his mouth, and directing his voice toward the mountains, send forth a plaintive sound. In a few seconds I heard it thrown back from the rocks, and should doubtless have thought it was but the echo, had not the waving of a woman's garment two hundred feet above my head attracted my eye.

"I will find out this mystery before I go," I said aloud, for, indeed, so engrossed had I been with fishing and shooting, that it had quite escaped my memory. "Carl," I said, "what is that?"

He seemed quite taken back at the suddenness of the question, but laughed it off by saying he was only calling for amusement.

"But I tell you, some one answered you up yonder; and see, she is waving her hand towards us. I will go and see; do you wait below."

And in a few moments I had clambered up the hillside to where I had fancied I had seen the woman standing. She was no longer visible; but I observed a low hut built of leafy boughs, a few paces off, nearly hidden behind a rocky ledge.

Carl now caught me up, and tried to dissuade me from entering; but the despair depicted on his face only made me the more resolved to carry out my determination, so, pushing him back, I opened the door and entered the hut.

A strange sight met my eye. On the middle of the floor was a little cradle, in which a rosy-cheeked baby lay sleeping, while kneeling down by its side, as if keeping guard over her child's slumber, was its mother. She raised her head on my approach, and I saw, to my astonishment, that it was none other than the pretty daughter of my host. "Ingeleiv!" I said, "you here!" as the whole mystery now lay open before me.

"Oh, tell him, Carl!" she answered, bowing her head down, as if afraid to look me in the face—"tell him! I know he is a kind man, and may help us!"

Thus solicited, Carl narrated to me the following touching tale:

They had been brought up together, he said, from childhood, and what wonder if they became all in all to each other. He knew he was not worthy of her, and that Ingsbret would never give his daughter to him—a common farming-man. But he would make himself worthy of her; and so he studied hard at his books, and with the help of the good pastor, had hoped to be able to take a post as schoolmaster (an office held in great respect among the peasantry.) But it was all in vain; he had no royal blood in his veins; and neither prayers nor entreaties could move the stern old man from his purpose of wedding his daughter to one of the same family with herself. "Then," said Carl, "I was miserable, and thought I had better leave the world as quickly as I could, for there was nothing in it worth living for now. But she came to me, just as I was about to —" and his voice failed as he came to this part of his story, "and promised to share weal or woe with me, and in a weak moment I consented. And now —now—she is made as wretched as myself; and I—I alone am her destroyer."

Words would fail me were I to attempt to describe the scene that followed the conclusion of his simple but touching tale; indeed, I was so moved myself at the distress of the two young people, that it is best to draw a veil over it.

"But where has the child been all this while?" I inquired.

"Here, sir!" answered Carl. "I built this hut, and Ingeleiv and I take it in turns as we can be with it."

"And how far is this from your father's house?" I inquired of Ingeleiv.

"About three miles; but Carl has twice that distance to go;" and the tears rolled fast down her cheeks.

"You see, sir," added Carl, "as yet during the summer we have been able to manage; but now that the days are becoming shorter and shorter, and winter is coming on, God above only knows what will be the end of it." And here Carl followed Ingeleiv's example, and cried like a child.

"Well, cheer up, my friends; I'll do what I can to help you; but you must agree to act according to my directions. Let us wait till to-morrow, however; it is too late to think of doing anything at this late hour." So spreading my rug down on the ground, and making a pillow of my knapsack, and lighting that unfailing source of consolation, a good cigar, I lay down and smoked, thought over the best plan to be adopted to make things smooth, and then fell asleep.

Next morning we all set out for Ingeleiv's house. I need not say how surprised my old friend was to see me return so quickly.

"What! you couldn't leave the salmon then?" he said.

Meanwhile, Carl, had taken the child and loitered a little behind on the road, while Ingeleiv slipped into the house unobserved.

"Yes," I said, entering the house; and then after a few commonplace remarks, I led the conversation to a topic on which the old man never wearied of hearing himself or others talk—namely, the old kings of Norway. But I was determined not to humor him to his full bent this time; for when he got on his favorite hobbyhorse, it was difficult to stop him; so I turned the conversation to hard-hearted parents and ill assorted marriages, and told him about Philip of Spain, D'Agueseau, and others; and then, when I saw I had made some impression—for the old man received any historical fact, especially when it related to the great of the earth, with implicit confidence—and had excited his curiosity, I concocted a little history exactly similar in all respects to that of Ingeleiv and Carl; and when I had concluded, I took down two books from the book-shelf, which gave evident signs of having been well studied.

"Here, Ingebret," I said, taking up one—it was his favorite book—the History of the kings of Norway—"here is a book which tells you all about the lives and deaths of royalty, but here is a book" (it was the Bible) "which teaches us that in God's sight, who is King of all kings, we are all equal. Humility, forgiveness and love are the lessons it teaches us." And then running out of the room, and fetching back the infant in a trice, I laid it in his arms saying: "And here is your daughter's child, Ingebret, and it prays through me that you will not repulse your own blood from you; remember too, that the blood of old Harald Haarfager is flowing in its veins."

It was a strange way of breaking news, dear reader, you may perhaps say; and you are quite right. But still I think it was the most effective way I could have adopted. That last touch about the child being of royal descent was, I have ever since thought, the most masterly and diplomatic thing I ever did in my life. A death-like paleness came over the old man's face. I felt it was a critical moment, and did not keep silence. Never, I am sure, did I talk so fast, beg, pray or entreat so hard as I did then. At last he began to relent; for at first he was all for driving his daughter out from home and hearth. Not that he would have done it, I am sure, for he loved her dearly. But by degrees, when the first shock was over, and when Inga had thrown herself down on the floor, and had embraced his knees, begging for mercy for herself and hopeless babe, the rigid muscles of his face began to quiver, and he burst into tears.

"Nothing like a good cry," I thought to myself, as I hurried out to fetch in Carl; "it does man and woman good when practiced in moderation."

Carl was not slow to follow Inga's example; and at last, when I fairly saw the baby still in the old man's arms, while Inga and Carl were at his feet, I thought the tableau did not require the addition of myself, so I retreated and had a pipe over it. How fragrant that pipe of tobacco tasted! for had I not made peace—had I not brought joy to two sorrowing hearts?

Going away next day, or the next, or the next to that, was quite out of the question. I was obliged to complete what I had begun; so I spent my time till the wedding-day, fishing and shooting, and otherwise amusing myself, happy in the consciousness that I had at last really done a good thing in my life.

I was Carl's best man! What a wedding-dinner we had!—and what speeches! Of course my health was drunk; and if only Carl had not dwelt too much on my extraordinary virtues, I should have said he had made a most *apropos* speech for a bridegroom.

I often go to see my old Norwegian friends and to fish. The old man has gone to his fathers; but Carl and Inga, and a whole tribe of olive-branches, look for my coming regularly when the salmon begin to run up the river.

Dead or Alive.

A NIECE OF EX-GOV. KING, OF RHODE ISLAND, DIES—EIGHT DAYS DEAD AND THE BODY WARM, FACE FULL, CHEEKS FLUSHED AND LIPS RED.

STONINGTON, Conn., Feb. 19.—For the last few days this village, as well as the neighboring towns of Westerly and Charlestown, in Rhode Island, have been the scenes of much excitement, caused by various rumors as to the condition of a young lady in the latter place, who, it was reported, had been in a state of trance for nearly a week. Others denied this, asserting that she was dead. Yesterday afternoon your correspondent, in company with Dr. George D. Stanton, of Stonington, visited Charlestown, a small manufacturing village, and met with no difficulty in finding a low, weather-beaten house, about a mile and a half from the village, the residence of Mrs. Josiah King, the young lady's mother, from whom we learned the following facts:

Miss Susie A. King, her daughter, was about twenty-three years of age and of fine personal appearance. About two weeks ago she was taken sick with some affection of the throat, by which she was confined to her bed for several days, when she was supposed to be convalescent, and allowed one day to come down stairs. That night, however, she grew worse, complaining of severe pains in her hands and feet, and continued to grow worse till the next day, when she lapsed into an unconscious state, in which she remained until her death, Friday, the 11th, at half-past seven a. m. The usual preparations for the grave were made; the body laid in the coffin, and Sunday the funeral services were held. While the friends were taking the last look at the body a physician present thought he observed signs of life.

The body was removed from the coffin, and being placed in blankets, friction and artificial respiration were resorted to without effect. The next day the galvanic battery was used, but was also without avail. After hearing the above particulars we were invited to view the body, which lay in a coffin on the table, where it has remained since Sunday, this being the eighth day since death was supposed to have taken place.

The body presented the appearance of a person in full health and sound asleep. The face was full and round; the cheeks flushed and the lips red; the eyes unsunken, with no outward signs of death. There was a total absence of muscular rigidity, and Wednesday, after lying six days in this condition, the body was perceptibly warm to the touch. The physician present applied the stethescope, but could detect no pulsation of the heart, while the application of a lighted match to the skin produced no blister filled with serum, which is said to be invariably the case when life is present.

Many physicians from the surrounding country have been to witness this wonderful phenomenon, though disagreeing in their conclusions, some believing Miss King to be in a state of trance, others thinking her dead, and attributing the preservation of the corpse to arsenic, which it is possible she had been accustomed to take for the complexion, a habit practiced by many young ladies. That Miss K. had this habit, however, the family deny.

The father of the young lady was Josiah King, brother of ex-Governor King, of Rhode Island, who, it may be remembered, occupied the gubernatorial chair

The Columbian
—AND—
Bloomsburg Democrat.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, MARCH 4, 1870.

☞ THE COLUMBIAN has the Largest Circulation of any paper published in Northern Pennsylvania, and is also a much larger sheet than any of its cotemporaries; and is therefore the best medium for advertising in this section of the State.

The Sale of Cadetships.

The recent investigations in the House of Representatives at Washington have produced some good results at last. The Rev. B. F. Whittemore a South Carolinian carpet bagger has been expelled from the House. We say *expelled* for that is really the case although the House was foolish enough to accept his resignation and only administered a censure, but this of course is virtual expulsion. It is reported that he is making preparations to run for Congress again. We trust that he may be refused admittance if his negro constituents do elect him. Golladay of Kentucky and Deweese of North Carolina have also been convicted and have sent in their resignations. Several others are shaving in their shoes, and will doubtless resign to save expulsion.

Speaking of Whittemore's case the Philadelphia *Press* says. "It is to the credit of the Republican party that it dare purge itself of its unworthy members. The Democracy never attempted anything of the kind."

Very true, for the Democratic party have never been burdened with "carpet baggers" a genus of political rascal solely and entirely the property of the Republican party,a part of whose political creed it is, to put money into their purse without any very troublesome scruples of conscience as to the method.

We look with much interest to see whether the House will follow up its good work and expel Mr. Butler of Tennessee who also sold an appointment in the Military Academy, but who offers in defense the fact that the money was used *to defeat Andrew Johnson!* We must confess our inability to detect anything meritorious in this application of money dishonestly obtained. Another member, who richly deserves expelling confessed to having sold an appointment,but states that the proceeds were used for *educational* purposes in his state—which is good!

If report speaks truly there are some members from Pennsylvania whose actions demand what one of them would call "*Investigation!*"

If all the Representatives who have been concerned in any manner in this disgraceful traffic could be expelled from their seats and prevented from ever resuming them, then could the country rejoice and bless the day that ingenious carpet baggers first hit upon this new plan of thievery.

But we are not sanguine enough to believe that such will be the case, for as soon as the investigations begin to render any prominent members uncomfortable, then they, dreading the result, will, under the party lash, have the matter dropped. No one will be injured save and except such weak and comparatively friendless members as can be made scape goats for the sins of the rest without materially affecting the party. The *Rev.* B. F. Whittemore did not do a wise thing when he employed Dr. B. F. Butler to defend him. That proceeding rendered it certain that there was "something rotten in Denmark."

Female Suffrage in Wyoming.

"LARAMIE CITY, March 1.—Among the jurors drawn for the March term of the Albany County, Wyoming, Court were eleven ladies, some of them the wives of the most prominent citizens. The excitement caused by this proceeding is immense."

Ah, ha! These be the results of suffrage—*sufferings* to wit! Now indeed,can our fair friends appreciate the fact that they of Wyoming have fallen heir to such ills as heretofore only masculine flesh was subject. How we do pity those unhappy creatures of the sterner sex, who may be unfortunate enough to form part of a jury on which are half a dozen impracticable but obstinate women. How runs the adage?

"When a woman will, she will, you may depend on't,
And when she won't, she won't, and there's an end on't."

Seriously speaking, however, this jury service will doubtless have the effect of restraining, in many localities, the ardent desires of the feminine world for suffrage. As the inconveniences and annoyances which accompany masculine political privileges crop out, we fancy the halo which surrounds the voting power will lose its rose-tint somewhat, and the benefits of suffrage disappear before the hard realities of jury service, militia duty and similar unpleasant but necessary concomitants which environ a voter. Don't become suffragans, ladies, you can make men miserable enough as you now are,without harnessing their souls in the jury box or trying their patience and their sense of politeness at the polls.

The late Charles F. Mann.

At a meeting of the Bar of Columbia County held at the Court House in Bloomsburg, February, 17th 1870, on motion of Mr. Freeze, Hon. William Elwell was called to the chair; and W. Wirt was chosen Secretary. On motion of Mr. Clark, who stated the object of the meeting, the chair appointed Mr. Clark, Mr. Little and Mr. Whitmoyer a Committee to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting on the death of Hon. Charles F. Mann, lately elected an Associate Judge of the Courts of said County. The Chairman offered the following.

Resolved, That we deeply sympathize with the family and friends of Judge Mann and tender to them our condolences on the death of our esteemed fellow citizen.

Resolved, That the County has lost an estimable gentleman who, had he lived, would have shown himself an able, courteous and efficient Judge.

Resolved, That these resolutions be filed among the papers of this Court, and a copy of them furnished to the family of the deceased.

The public debt statement shows a decrease of $6,500,000 since the February statement. The coin in the Treasury is $102,000,000, and the currency $10,000,000.

Washington's Birth-Day.

The Twenty-second of February last was the 138th Anniversary of the birthday of Washington. It has been a day very generally observed until within the past few years, those in which the Republican party was sent, for our sins, to rule the land and destroy historic landmarks. Almost every prominent man in the Republican ranks has, by a most peculiar and extraordinary clearness of vision of that remarkable party, been discovered to have resembled the Father of his Country. Lincoln was the first model and they have pepetuated the resemblance in all his followers of position. We have no doubt that Ben Butler is very like Washington; we cannot see where, but then we are not a Republican.

If Washington had been the virtual instead of the nominal parent of this favored land he could not have expected, possibly, his children to resemble him more. All do not possess the characteristics of the great first President, for he would not lie (vide: cherry tree et al) nor steal, nor swear, and any Republican of good standing in his party is supposed to be able to do these trifling but acceptable deeds for his political co-laborers, but Washington had traits which all good Republicans possess. Poor George! we are almost inclined to think that it would have been better for him to have lied about that cherry tree and been thoroughly spanked and not have turned out President and Father of his Country. We know that he suffers keenly when he looks down from his high place, where Republicans are unknown, and sees such a crowd of miserable scallawags and thieves and blackguards, yes, even down as low as Republican Congressmen, claiming to possess his attributes. It must necessarily hurt his feelings. If this plague of the Republicans is to rest on the people for many years and no deliverer arise, we expect to see the 22d of February utterly forgotten, and Brown's, Jones' and Robinson's nata' occasion celebrated with due ceremony when it can be done at the public expense.

Monaghan vs. Conyngham Township.

This case, which excited considerable interest in Centralia and Conyngham, has just been decided by Judge Elwell and we publish his opinion at length, not only for the benefit of our readers in that section but for the information of the legal profession, as the decision embodies a very important principle in law.

The cases were brought to our Court by *certioraris*, Messrs, Spinney and Darling acting as Attorneys for the township, and Mr. L'Velle for the plaintiff. Col. Freeze had charge of the cases on behalf of the township, when they came up for argument on the *certioraris*.

Martin Moneghan. vs. The Township of Conyngham.	Nos. 75 to 133 Dec. T. 1868 except Nos 82, 92 94, 95, 97.

Retaxation of costs, opinion of the Court by

ELWELL, P. J. The plaintiff having a demand of about fifteen hundred dollars against Conyngham township, for goods sold and delivered upon upwards of two hundred orders drawn by the Overseers of the Poor for the support of paupers, instituted *fifty-four* suits before a justice of the peace at one time, by summons returnable on the same day. On the return day,he claimed in each suit, for "goods sold and delivered" and specified the number of the order on which they were delivered and the person therein named as payee. He obtained judgment in each of the fifty-four cases for the amount therein claimed. Upon certioraris by the defendant these judgments were brought into this court and affirmed *as to the debt*, the defendant having leave to cause "the costs to be retaxed." (see opinion filed in No. 75,Dec.T ,1868)

The defendant by counsel has filed exceptions to all the costs except in one case, upon the ground, that they were unnecessary, vexatious and oppressive.

It appears by the evidence taken upon the rule to retax, that these several orders did not constitute several and separate contracts, but were accepted under an arrangement between the Overseers of the Poor and the plaintiff. When therefore, the plaintiff delivered goods on one of them, he did not thereby acquire a separate cause of action against the defendant. His demand against the township was merely increased by that much. It was *one* debt, and he could not split it up into sums of less than one hundred dollars,in order to bring the amounts within the jurisdiction of a justice of the peace. If he might do this, a tradesman can take his day book and sue in a separate suit for each item got at one time; and a store-keeper might bring a separate suit for each charge through every page of his day-book. To permit this,would be to disregard all the objects for which tribunals are established and make justices and courts the instruments of monstrous injustice and oppression.

In Towanda Bank vs. Ballard 7 W. & S. 434, it was held, that the Court has power to strike from a bill of costs, every charge for what is not necessary, and especially, what appears to be *vexatious and oppressive*. In that case, the plaintiff having 292 five dollar bills of the bank,brought as many suits before a justice of the peace in three batches, —obtained judgments,issued executions from the justice which were returned *nulla bona*,—took transcripts and filed them in the Common Pleas and issued executions thereon. Upon a rule to strike off the costs, it was *held*, by the Supreme Court, that all the costs, except in one case, should be stricken off, so far as regarded the defendant.

The doctrine of that case is so exactly applicable here that I am relieved from giving other reasons for my conclusions But I will add, that if the collection of his debt was all the plaintiff desired, he could have attained that object by a single suit in the Common Pleas, in which the costs would not have exceeded ten dollars. It is also worthy of note, that after recovery of his judgments against the township, he could not issue execution, until he had removed them by transcripts into the Common Pleas and there obtain an order of the Court. And thus, at every step he would make fifty four times as much cost as was actually necessary for the collection of his debt.

"Laws" said Huston, J. in the case before cited, "are made for the purpose of doing justice, between parties, and Courts are established for the purpose of effecting this justice. But there have been and we fear will be,cases in which a party having undoubted right, endeavors to enforce such right in a way oppressive to the opposite party." Whenever such an attempt is made it is the duty of the court to see to it that the unlawful purpose is defeated and the oppressed party relieved from the burden unjustly imposed.

This case is unlike that of Boyle vs. Grant, 6 Harris 162, *there* the demand was split up and notes given in order that suit might be brought before a justice, while *here*, all the facts, as they now appear before the Court, are opposed to any such view of the contract. When these judgments were affirmed, as to the debt, there was nothing upon the record showing how the debt originated, nor that the several items claimed, in truth, formed but one debt. As the case *now* appears I am of opinion that equity would have restrained the plaintiff by injunction from prosecuting this multitude of suits, and thus have prevented vexatious litigation. Hilliard on Injunctions 243. The defendant might have appealed to the Common Pleas, where the suits would have been consolidated, and all costs stricken off except in one suit. Bank vs. Ballard.

The only relief which we can now afford the defendant is to strike off *all the costs made by or at the instance of the plaintiff*, in obtaining, sustaining or enforcing these judgments,except one. We have no power to compel the plaintiff to paycosts made by the defendant.

Under this ruling the costs will be retaxed as follows:

In No. 75 Dec. T. 1868 full costs allowed. In each of the other cases the fees of the constable and of the justice up to the time of rendering judgment—the attorney fee of plaintiff's attorney, the fees of the Prothonotary on motion and issuing execution and the fees of the Sheriff on serving same, are stricken off *so far as they can be charged to the defendant*.

RECAPITULATION.

Struck off in each of 53 suits, Justice and Constable	$1.59
Plaintiff's Attorney's fee	3.00
Prothonotary on Execution	90

In the aggregate stricken off, $290,97, besides the Sheriff on executions.

Before proceeding further, it will be to the interest of the parties,by consent to consolidate these judgments and thus prevent to one or the other further unnecessary costs.

BY THE COURT.

The 22d February at the Bloomsburg State Normal School!

Notwithstanding the gloomy predictions of some croaking weather prophets a beautiful,but rather cold day,greeted us, as we looked out of our windows on this memorable day. We expected much not only from the lecturer Thomas K. Beecher, but also from the acknowledged talents of many of the pupils of the Normal School, and we were not mistaken.

The afternoon exercises were all exceedingly well performed. As we entered the spacious, well built chapel,we were struck with the taste and order in which the students were seated, like the people of old in a Roman amphitheatre, beginning with the eldest scholars and the top filled with the primarians! A galaxy of prettier,happier faces could nowhere be found. The whole blessedness, which Washington's birth brought for the country, and the Normal School for the State, seemed to be reflected in their cheerful faces. The singing was excellent. Chorusses were sung with great precision and power, Solos,Duetts and Quartetts with infinite taste. A very good Duo was played at the piano by two very able lady performers. The compositions of the ladies were well composed and admirably read and the declamations of the gentlemen well memorized and well delivered. The oration on Washington was "fortiter in re," and "suaviter in modo!"

Several gentlemen made short speeches, namely Rev. D. J. Waller, Messrs. Armstrong and Gundy, County Superintendents, Thomas Chalfant and Rev. T. K.Beecher,complimenting the School, the orators and essayists, not only for their style but also for their matter. And now we had to witness a really touching scene. A committee consisting of two ladies and two gentlemen, presented Mr. Carver, with a magnificent gold watch and gold chain in behalf of scholars and teachers. The chairman of said committee addressed Mr. Carver as follows:

"PROF. CARVER, Dear Sir:

Upon an occasion like the present when by the birthday of our school we are reminded of our indebtedness to you, we, teachers and scholars as a whole, could do no less than show our respect and gratitude to you in a manner somewhat different from the usual way. Human nature is ever desirous of a change and the respect which we ever endeavor to show towards yourself, consisting of attention and obedience to all your injunctions for our welfare, did not appear to satiate our desires to appear thankful for all your kindnesses or at least seemed too monotonous. Therefore upon this day in which we commemorate the birthday of him towhom as an instrument in the hands of The Divine Creator,we are indebted,to some extent, for civil and religious liberty together with institutions of all kinds and while upon this same day we commemorate the birthday of this institution with which we are intimately connected by hand and heart, we felt it right that by a gift of some description we should show our esteem for him who bears the same relation to the State Normal School of Bloomsburg as Washington does to America. In the presentation of this gift we hope that you will receive it not as if intended as an equivalent for all the many benefits which we have received at your hands, nor in any manner tending toward an equivalent, but only as an object which,being brought to your view, will remind you of our thankfulness to you; we feeling utterly incapable of ever in any respect benefitting you as you have benefitted us, and we also desire you to know that while we present this to you as a gift, not as a reward,that it is our prayer that you may receive that reward which is not in the hands of man to give,the reward of eternal life."

Prof. Carver, visibly touched, was so moved by this entirely unexpected surprise, that he could scarceiy answer, thanking only in broken tones. Rev. T. Beecher thought that some little emotions of the same kind would be very beneficial to his system; but looking on all these smiling happy faces he felt himself more than ever convinced, that gratitude is not only one of the sublimest but also one of the most beautifying virtues, bringing us nearer to heaven and visibly imprinting upon grateful hearts and faces our blessed Saviour's word." "It is more blessed to give, than to receive."

A splendid dinner awaited the invited guests, trustees, Clergy,and boarders after a very pleasant and sociable chat in the roomy, tastefully furnished parlors and the evening exercises were the crowning point of one of the most glorious days this youthful Normal School ever witnessed.

Organ music, beautiful chorusses, delightful solos and the sparkling, well-conceived lecture of Rev. T. K. Beecher, which enchained the most fixed attention of the well filled Hall for nearly two hours. Subject was Education and principally the question, "How far the State should influence, direct and control it?"

Everybody, scholars, teachers and guests were pleased with the whole day's performances and we do not know whom we shall compliment the most, the scholars for their talents, skill and order, the teachers for their patience and success, or Bloomsburg which has the honor to possess such a precious educational jewel!

May it live a thousand years and its shadow never grow less! ☞

The Free Vote in Illinois.

In the Convention to amend the Constitution of Illinois, on the 10th inst., Mr. Medill, the chairman of the Committee on Electoral and Representative Reform, made an interesting and able report, accompanied by a proposed article of amendment, applying the principles of the Free Vote to all elections for the legislature hereafter. By his plan, which is likely to be the one adopted, the Senate of Illinois is to consist of 51, and the House of 153 members. The Senatorial term is to be four years, and the representative term one year; and sessions as heretofore,are to be biennial. Senatorial and representative districts are to be formed every ten years, each to elect three members, and an additional member in those years when surplus fractions of population above a ratio, shall, when added together, have accumulated to the number of a ratio. This last feature is borrowed from the Constitution of Ohio. Practically three or four Senators will be chosen together from each Senatorial district, and a like number of members from each representative district at all future elections for members of the two houses. This general plan, so far, we believe, is precisely the same as that recommended by the legislative committee of the convention, and thus appears to meet with general assent. This will make a larger number in each house than we in Pennsylvania are used to; but as the legislature meets only once in two years,the plan may be very proper, and will not be burdensome to the people. Be this as it may, it lays a foundation for the convenient application of reformed voting in the election of representatives.

Mr. Medill's committee, therefore, recommend the following concluding section in the article reported by them.

"In all elections of senators or representatives each qualified voter shall be entitled to as many votes as there are senators or representatives to be elected by the same constituency, and may distribute them(or equal fractions thereof) among the candidates, or concentrate them upon one, at his option, and the candidates highest in votes shall be declared elected."

The practical working of this proposition is shown in detail in the fourth section of the bill now pending in our legislature, "to define the limits and to organize the town of Bloomsburg," and for regulating elections in that town, which will contain some four thousand inhabitants within its new boundaries. The fourth section provides as follows:

"To the end that the electors of Bloomsburg may exercise their right of suffrage freely and without undue constraint, and may obtain for themselves complete representation in their local government, the plan of the Free Vote shall be lawful, and is hereby authorized in the elections for officers of said town and for all officers to be chosen by them exclusively. In all cases where more persons than one are to be chosen in said town to the same office for the same time or term of service, each voter duly qualified shall be entitled to as many votes as the number of persons to be so chosen, and may poll his votes as follows, to wit."

Here follow regulations applicable to the different cases where two, three, four or six officers are to be chosen. For the present we will cite only the clauses which relate to the election of three or four persons, because these illustrate the practical working of the plan proposed in the Illinois Convention. They are as follows:

"When three persons are to be chosen, each voter may give one vote to each of three candidates, two votes to one candidate and one to another, one vote and a half to each of two, or three votes to one."

"When four persons are to be chosen, he may give one vote to each of four candidates, one vote and a third to each of three,two votes to each of two,or four votes to one."

We omit details as to the manner in which ballots shall be voted, and the provision for filling vacancies as foreign to our present purpose. But it will be seen that the Illinois proposition involves a great extension of freedom of choice to the elector, and will enable parties to represent themselves fully by their own votes. In practice a party at an election will select but one of the various modes of voting above mentioned, so that they will not all be used at the same election. The number of candidates selected for support will be in proportion to the estimated strength of the party, though the will of the individual in distributing his votes will be uncontrolled. Parties will vote for a smaller or a greater number according to circumstances, and as their interests may dictate. The plan is flexible, and will so easily adapt itself to the relative strength of parties in a district, that no considerable number of the people will lose their votes, or go unrepresented. The result will be in all or most cases that a majority will elect two representatives in a district,and the minority one; and when four representatives are to be chosen from a district,the majority will choose three and the minority one; or, if the strength of parties be nearly equal, each will obtain two. The republican minority in southern Illinois and the democratic minority in northern Illinois will each be represented in the State legislature, instead of being disfranchised as at present, while the majority in each section will retain their full share of power. In short, the days of gerrymandering will be ended. The occupation of the professional manipulators of ballot-boxes will be gone. Corruption at legislative elections will receive a severe, if not a deadly blow. This is a consummation most devoutly to be wished by every citizen who cherishes the principles of representative government.—*Morning Patriot.*

Negro Suffrage.

The memorial against negro suffrage, presented by Mr. Saulsbury in the Senate, quotes the following interesting opinions of eminent statesmen of all parties, Abraham Lincoln included, on the question of negro equality. John Adams said:

I have never read reasoning more absurd, sophistry more gross than the subtle labors of Helvetius and Rousseau to demonstrate the natural equality of mankind.

Thomas Jefferson said:

Nothing is more certainly written in the book of fate than that these people (the negroes) are to be free, nor is it less certain that the two races equally free cannot live under the same government.

Daniel Webster said:

If any gentleman from the South shall propose a scheme, to be carried on by this government upon a large scale for the transportation of the colored people to any colony or any place in the world, I should be quite disposed to incur almost any degree of expense to accomplish that object.

Henry Clay said:

Of the utility of a total separation of the two incongruous races of our population, supposing it to be practical, none have ever doubted; the mode of accomplishing that desirable object has alone divided public opinion.

Stephen A. Douglass said:

I believe this government was made by white men for the benefit of white men and their posterity forever; and I am in favor of confining citizenship to white men of European birht and descent, instead of conferring it upon negroes, Indians, and other inferior races.

Abraham Lincoln said:

I am not, and never have been, in favor of making voters or juors of negroes nor of qualifying them to hold office nor to intermarry with whites; and I will say further, in addition to this, that there is a physical difference between the white and black races, which I believe will forever forbid the two races living on terms of social and political equality.

Congressional.

THURSDAY, Feb. 24th.—In the Senate yesterday, a resolution was offered by Mr. Spencer looking to the abolition of the military school at West Point and the naval school at Annapolis.—The credentials of H. R. Revels, the colored Senator elect from Mississippi, were presented by Mr. Wilson, and a long debate ensued upon the question of their regularity. The paper was finally received, and a discussion then took place upon the reference to Committee.

In the House, immediately after the reading of the journal, the intelligence of the death of Hon. Anson Burlingame was received,and Mr.Banks made a brief speech in allusion to the unexpected event. Four of the members elect from Mississippi took the oaths of office. The House then took up the case of Mr. Whittemore, charged with selling cadetships. Mr. Butler, of Massachusetts appeared as his counsel, and urged a postponement until the final report of the Committee, and after some further discussion, and a request of Whittemore himself, final action was deferred until to-day.

SENATE.

FRIDAY, Feb. 25.—Yesterday, after the house amendments to the political disability bill had been concurred in, a number of bills were introduced, among them one, which was agreed to, reciting that, in the opinion of the Senate, the existing volume of the currency ought not to be increased. The subject of Senator Revels' credentials was then taken up and discussed, but not disposed of.

HOUSE.

The resolution for the expulsion of Whittemore was called up, which gave rise to an animated debate, during which Mr. Whittemore sent to the Speaker a communication stating that he had tendered his resignation to the Governor of his State, and it had been accepted. After much discussion as to whether he could resign or not, a resolution was passed declaring him unworthy of a seat in the House.

SENATE.

SATURDAY, Feb. 26.—In the Senate yesterday the credentials of General Ames, Senator elect from Mississippi, were presented and referred. Among the bills introduced was one to prevent prize fighting, by making it a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for two years and a fine of $2,000 for engaging in a prize fight in any State or Territory, and half the sentence for aiding such fights as seconds or surgeons. The discussion in regard to the admission of Mr. Revels, the colored Senator elect from Mississippi,was then resumed, and finally concluded. The resolution of Mr. Stockton to refer the credentials to Committee was rejected by a party vote of 48 to 8, and on motion of Mr. Wilson the oath was administered to Mr. Revels.

A resolution was adopted to extend the inquiry in reference to the sale of cadetships to the army and navy, and to ascertain if any officer was implicated. The amendments to the Legislative Appropriation bill, appropriatiug $14,500 and $91,000 to the Board of Education and the Carson City Mint respectively, were both adopted. The Indian appropriations of $3,188,935 were then taken up, and, in Committee of the Whole, the system of Indian treaties was discussed at length.

TUESDAY, March. 1.—In the Senate yesterday Mr. Sumner introduced a bill designed to enforce the universal suffrage amendment to the Constitution. The event of the day was a long speech by Mr. Sherman, as Chairman of the Finance Committee, in explanation and support of the Funding bill. In the House, of the dozen or more bills put in no one was of special interest. The debate of the session was on the Indian appropriations generally, and the recent Indian massacre by Colonel Baker's command, General Sheridan's policy, and General Hancock's position in particular,

WEDNESDAY, March 2.—In the Senate yesterday the bill to extend the time for the prosecution of claims for additional bounties until Dec. 1 was reported from committee. The consideration of the Funding bill was then resumed.

In the House a resolution censuring John T. Deweese, late Representative from North Carolina, for his complicity in the sale of cadetships,was passed after some discussion, and the Committee charged with investigating further cases were instructed to confine their inquiries to members of the present Congress and to those holding executive or judicial offices under the Government.

Latest News.

ST DOMINGO, Feb. 20, VIA HAVANA, March 1.—The Dominican Republic has formally declared for annexation to the United States. The vote, which was officially proposed to the people by the government, has been taken, and,as recorded here, shows an overwhelming majority in the affirmative.

POINT DE GALIE, Ceylon, Feb. 22, *via* London, Feb. 28—A collision occurred near Yokohama, between the Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamship *Bombay* and the United States corvette *Oneida*. The latter sunk with all hands, numbering 120 men. The *Bombay* was slightly injured. It is not stated that any of the officers or crew of the *Oneida* were saved.

CHICAGO, Feb. 23.—A letter from Fort Sully gives particulars of a desperate fight between three hundred Sioux and Crow Indians early in January, above the mouth of the Yellowstone, on the Missouri River. The attack was made near sundown, under the Chief, Spotted Eagle, who was killed. The Sioux managed to overpower the Crows every one of whom was killed in a hand-to-hand encounter. The Sioux lost twelve killed on the ground, and five died the next day. Many more were dangerously wounded.

PARIS, Feb. 23.—Anson Burlingame, the Chinese Ambassador, died at St. Petersburg this morning after four days illness. His death will create a profound impression over all Europe, and particularly in Paris, where he was so well and favorably known and so much esteemed.

RICHMOND, Va., Feb. 23.—About 7 o'clock this evening, while Franklin B. Hovey, of Chenango County, N. Y., was on his way to the Northern depot to start for his home, he was fired at by John Gerhiser, of the Seventeenth Infantry, who was standing on the sidewalk, drunk. The ball entered Hovey's brain, mortally wounding him. Gerhiser, after running through the streets and firing at the Police, was arrested. He is from Brooklyn, N. Y.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—The Mormon preachers were warned out of the village of Salt Meadow, L. I., by a vigilance committee, on pain of being mobbed. They left for Patchogue,but expected to return, when a serious disturbance was feared.

GALVESTON, Texas, Feb, 24.—Fire last night destroyed a block on the north side of Strand, between Fremont and Twenty-second streets, and the opposite block on the south side of Strand. Many of the houses were of little value, but were filled with large stocks of goods. The loss is estimated at $1,000,000.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—A free-trade meeting was held yesterday afternoon in the rooms of the late open board of brokers, on Broad street, New York. Jackson S. Schultz presided. Letters were read from Congressmen Brooks and Cox, Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, and others. Addresses were made by Samuel J. Tilden and Wm. Cullen Bryant.

PORT CHESTER, N. Y., Feb. 25.—Samuel Batton, a young man from Westfarms, was attacked by two men who cut his throat and robbed him of $150. Batton is not fatally injured.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Feb. 26.—The schooner *Benjamin Butler*, Captain Fowler, from Elizabethport, N. J., for Providence, was run down and sunk off Watch Hill, at 1 A. M. Friday. The vessel was cut in two and went down instantly. Four men were lost—Captain Fowler, Joseph Northrup, James McKenzie and the colored cook named Amos Maibone. The mate, George Northrup, was picked up by the steamer *Thetis*, after being in the water half an hour, and was not restored to consciousness for several hours.

OXFORD, Miss., Feb. 26.—A fearful accident occurred about 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon to the regular morning train on the Mississippi Central Railroad for New Orleans. The train, leaving Humboldt behind time, approached Buckner's Trestle, which is forty feet high and over a ravine, at a high speed. The engine crossed safely, but the rest of the train ran off the track, crushing the trestle and completely wrecking the baggage, mail, express and three passenger cars. Twenty-one persons were killed and fourteen or fifteen wounded, among them the President of the road. The cause is thought to have been the unsound timbers of the trestle.

WORCESTER, Mass., Feb. 27.—A bold robbery was perpetrated in this city yesterday afternoon. Two men entered the house of Timothy Barrett when all the family but a boy 13 years of age were absent,knocked down the boy and tied him with a clothes line. The robbers carried off gold watches, gold chains, jewelry, silver and other articles of value. They have not yet been arrested.

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 27.—P. J. O'Connor, 26 years of age, took a mixture of strychnine and beer last night, and was taken to the City Hospital in a hopeless condition. A neatly-written note was found upon him, of which the following is an extract: "Whoever finds my corpse will please telegraph to P. P. McHugh, No. 51 Ann-street, New York, and will give it decent burial. I am tired of life. Rum is the cause of all evil."

SCRANTON, Feb. 28.—The boiler of heating furnace number three, at the railroad iron rolling mill of the Lackawanna Iron and Coal Company, of this city,exploded about 5:30 this afternoon, A portion of the roof, with all its heavy timbers, shafting, &c., seventy-five feet by ninety-five feet, was blown into the air, and fell with a tremendous crash. The shock of the explosion shook half the city. Twenty or thirty men were buried in the ruins. The escaping steam filled that part of the mill for half an hour before the work of getting the people out could be commenced. Mine bodies have been recovered.

SCRANTON, Feb. 28.—There was no stoppage of work on the part of the miners to-day, in this portion of the coal fields, the employees of the three large companies, the Delaware Lackawanna and Western, the Pennsylvania Coal Company, and the Delaware Canal Company, refusing to turn out. The men in the vicinity of Wilkesbarre have the matter under advisement,and there was no turn out there to-day.

NEW YORK, March. 1.—Another horrible murder was committed here last night. Patrick J. Mehen, Editor of the *Irish American* was shot dead by a man named James Keenan. No cause is assigned.

TORONTO, Ontario, March 1.—The Northern railway elevator, containing about 120,000 bushels of grain and 16,000 barrels of flour, was destroyed by fire this morning. The loss is estimated at $250,000.

NEW YORK, March. 1.—Great anxiety is felt for the safety of the Liverpool steamer, City of Boston, and the Bremen steamer Smidt, both greatly over due. The former has more than one hundred persons on board, the latter more than three hundred.

Legislature.

SENATE.

House bill authorizing the Commissioners of Highways to appoint their supervisors. Passed by a party vote—17 Republican yeas to 14 Democratic nays.

House bill regulating the management of the State Treasury, requiring the State Treasurer to give bonds to the amount of $500,000; fixing his salary at $5,000; requiring him to keep the funds in one or more banks in this State at the best rate of interest that can be obtained with power to change the deposits, but not to place more than one-fourth of the aggregate in any one bank at any one time.

Mr. Billingelt moved to amend by requiring proposals to be received each month for the redemption of the State loans; requiring the best proposals to be accepted, and providing that the monthly proceedings of the commissioners shall be published.

The bill was discussed until the hour of adjournment.

HOUSE.

Mr. Davis, as chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, called up the annual appropriation bill, which was considered in Committee of the Whole House, Mr. Webb in the chair.

The bill was passed through the Committee of the Whole, and will be considered by the House to-morrow.

SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 23.—A number of bills were considered and introduced, but none of general importance.

HOUSE.

The bill to increase the salary of Assessors $2,50passed.

Four applications for divorce were passed.

HOUSE.

TUESDAY, March. 1.—Among the bills introduced was one authorizing married women to be declared *femme sole* traders; also, a joint resolution urging Congress to place the navy yards on a civil basis.

SENATE.

FRIDAY, Feb. 25.—Among the bills introduced was one relative to court interpreters, and one regarding jurymen. Adjourned until Tuesday.

HOUSE.

The general appropriation bill was under discussion during the morning session. A message from the Governor, vetoing the House of Correction bill, was received. Adjourned until Monday.

HOUSE.

WEDNESDAY, March 2.—Among the bills introduced was one urging Congress to repeal the present income tax law; also, one making it a misdemeanor in election officers to refuse to count the vote of any citizen on account of race or color; also, one providing for a final adjournment on March 31. Joint resolutions were reported directing the Governor, Attorney General, and Auditor General to urge the General Government to pay the border raid claims. The general appropriation bill was considered.

SENATE.

March, 2.—An act relating to costs in criminal cases.

The bill reads as follows:

SECTION 1. That the laws relating to payment of costs in criminal cases shall not be so construed as to compel the payment of costs by the county where the case has been settled or arranged by the parties, and the parties to the case, the prosecutor and defendant, or defendants, shall be liable for the payment of the costs in all such cases. Passed.

HOUSE.

An act to prevent and punish the publication of obscene advertisements and the sale of noxious medicines. Passed.

From the Committee on the Judiciary General,as committed, joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution of Pennsylvania.

MARRIAGES.

MILLER—NIXON—At the residence of the bride's mother, on the 13th inst., by the Rev. N. Spear, Mr. John T. Miller, of Greenwood, to Miss Mary R. Nixon, of Mt. Pleasant.

RICHART—KLINE—In Orangeville, on Feb. 19, by the same, Mr. J. Richart, of Fishingcreek, to Miss Rachel R. Kline, of Benton.

SMITH—GIRTON—At the M. E. Parsonage, Bloomsburg, on Feb. 17, by Rev. J. A. Mellck, Mr. Andrew C. Smith, and Miss Mary A. Girton, all of Col. co., Pa.

FISHER—LEWIS—At the same place, and by the same, on the 19th inst., Mr. David W. Fisher, and Miss Elizabeth Lewis, all of Bloomsburg, Pa.

BILLMEYER—RYAN—On the 8th inst, by Rev. E. Wilson, Mr. Wm. Billmeyer and Miss Emma Ryan, both of Liberty twp., Montour county, Pa.

SCHLOYER—SMITH—In Berwick, Feb. 5th, 1870 by Rev. S. S. Henry, Mr. Silas Schloyer to Miss Christianna Smith, both of Nescopeck, Luzerne county, Pa.

KLINGER—VARNER—December 28th, 1869, by Rev. A. R. Hottenstien, Gideon Klinger, to Miss Lydia Varner, both of Salem, Luzerne co.

SPROATS—MOORE.—By Rev. A. M. Creighton, on the 9th inst., Mr. Christopn Sproats and Miss Annie R. Moore, both of Locust Dale.

KRAFF—SMITH—On the 16th ult., by the Rev. R. Duenger, Wm. G. Kraff to Caroline Smith both of Ashland.

PARKER—KLINE—On Feb. 10th by John Lore, Esq., Mr. Jesse M. Parker of Greenwood twp. to Miss Rebecca J. Kline of Orangeville.

HARVEY—RHONE—On the 30th day of December 1869, by B. F Savage, Esq., Mr. Jacob F. Harvey of Sugarloaf to Miss Sarah C. Rhone of Jackson twp. Col. co.

BENDER—PEALER—On the 19th ult., at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. A. Hoose, Mr. F. P. Bender to Miss L. Pealer, both of Fishingcreek twp.

SAVAGE—M'HENRY—On Feb. 24th, by Rev. N. Spear, at Orangeville, Mr. Emanuel Savage of Jackson to Miss Mary A. McHenry of same place.

MEAD—REEL—At Town Hill, Feb. 27th, by P. C. Wadsworth, Esq., Hiram O. Mead and Susan Reel, all of Huntington, Luzerne co.

GARDNER—WALTER—At the parsonage at Turbotville, by Rev. G. Still, Mr. J. B. Gardner of Moreland, Lycoming co, to Miss Sarah Walter of Limestone, Montour co.

MUCHLER—ERASMUS—In Bloomsburg, on Tuesday evening, Feb. 15th, by Rev. B. F. Alleman, Mr. G. B. Mutchler, to Mrs. Martha Erasmus, all of Bloomsburg.

DEATHS.

KITCHEN—In Bloomsburg, of Consumption, on Feb. 25th, Eli Kitchen, aged 55 years, 2 months and 12 days.

PETERS—In Rollenback, Feb, 9th, Mrs. Elizabeth, wife of Jonas Peters, aged 30 years, 6 mos. and 3 days.

RINORD—In Bloomsburg, Feb. 1870, Sufferer, daughter of John and Mary Rinord, aged 2 yrs.

MILLARD—In Bloomsburg, on Feb. 19th, Martin Luther, son of Jacob and Catherine Millard, aged 2 years, 4 months and 25 days.

WEBER—In Wedgetown, on Feb. 22, Mary E., daughter of John and Mary Weber, aged 3 yrs. 1 month and 21 days.

HOWER—In Bloomsburg, on Feb. 18th Harry, son of H. C., and Caroline Hower, aged 2 years, 1 month and 6 days.

M'HENRY—On Feb. 13th, of scarlet fever, Noble Harvey, son of Edward and Mary A. McHenry of Benton, aged 8 years, 7 months and 25 days.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

Persons owning unseated lands in this county for which the unpaid taxes have been returned to the Commissioners' office, will save the cost of advertising by paying them before the 1st of April next.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Treasurer.
mar4'70-3t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF JOHN BEALER, DEC'D.

The undersigned, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, an Auditor to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the Administrator, of the estate of John Bealer, deceased, among creditors and heirs, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office, in Bloomsburg, on Monday, the 11th day of April, 1870, at 1 o'clock, p. m. All parties interested or having claims against the said estate are requested to attend, or be forever debarred from coming in for a part of the said fund.

C. B. BROCKWAY, Auditor.
mar4'70-4w.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF LYDIA WANICH, DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of Lydia Wanich, late of Bloom township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, residing in Bloomsburg, Columbia county, to Jacob Wanich of the same place. All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to make payment to the undersigned, without delay.

JACOB WANICH, Administrator.
mar4'70-6t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF WILLIAM SNYDER, DEC'D.

In the Orphans' Court of Columbia

The Columbian.

Bloomsburg, Friday, March 4, 1870.

John U. Leiby, of Catawissa Township, is at present sojourning in North Carolina.

DONATION VISIT.— The friends of the Rev J. Fearon Brown of Orangeville will make him a donation visit at that place the 14th of this month. The public are cordially invited.

THE new Masonic Hall at Catawissa is just approaching completion. It is well built, handsomely planned and when completed will be the finest hall of the kind in the interior of the State.

WE are compelled to decline publishing the poetry sent us by "Benton". It is personal in its nature, and while its publication would gratify the writer, it would wound the feelings of the person referred to.

SUDDEN DEATH.—On Friday evening last Michael Cronan, a furnaceman at Irondale Furnace, died suddenly, it is presumed from disease of the heart. He appeared to be in his usual health up to within a short time before his death.

A co-operative Store will soon be started at Catawissa, and the first floor of the Masonic Hall has been leased for its use. The projectors are men of energy and means, and its supporters will mainly be the rail road employees in and about Catawissa.

DEATH OF A SOLDIER.—Mr. Eli Kitchen a soldier during the Rebellion, died in this place on Thursday night last, after a lingering illness, of consumption. He was buried on Sunday with military honors, his companions in arms attending in a body and firing a volley over his grave.

A WANT SUPPLIED.—For several years our citizens have been laboring under many disadvantages for want of a telegraph office in town. We learn that one is about being established in Miss Webb's Book-Store with William Ramsay as operator. This will be a great convenience to the people of Bloomsburg.

TEMPERATURE OF FEB. 1870 AT BLOOMSBURG—observed at sunrise.—Maximum, 51°, on the 18th; minimum, 8°, on the 21st, and 23d; average 24°. Feb. 7, snowing commenced at 7 P. M., and continued about 24 hours; average depth about 16 inches. Feb. 13, halo round moon, observed at 9 P. M. OB.

THE new Post Office, "COMLY," is situated in the northern end of Limestone Township, Montour County, Pa., on the old State Road from Danville to Muncy, three miles East of Turbotville, and thirteen miles north of Danville. It is named after JOSHUA W. COMLY Esq. of Danville, Pa. It is supplied with a daily mail from Watsontown via Turbotville.

"The station agent on Vermont railroads are to meet at Rouse's Point, January 24th, to form a "Station Agents', Co-operative Life Insurance Company."—*Exchange.* Oh? he are, are he? and a very diffusive creature he must be, to be sure? We presume he intends to be President, all of the officers, and the Board of Directors of the new company and transact all the business himself. This is an age of progress and this agent are a living proof of it, he are?

HOTEL CHANGES —The following hotel changes have taken place or will about the first of April. Wm. Piatt. Benton in place of Andrew Ikeler; Henry Whitesell. Light Street, in place of Samuel R. Kline; Henry Hoyt, Berwick, in place of C. D. Fowler; Jeremiah Longenberger, Mainville, in place of A. K. Shuman; and T. B. Taylor, Bloomsburg, in place of G. W. Mauger.

We are compelled to defer several communications until our next issue for lack of space.

CLEARING THE WRECK.—The work of removing the ruins of the late fire, preparatory to erecting a new building, has already been commenced. The proposed Hotel will be an improvement in every way over the one destroyed, all the latest improvements and conveniences will be adopted, and the traveling public may be sure of finding in Bloomsburg, accommodations second to none in the State. The energy of Messrs. Koons & Clark is deserving of commendation. We shall hail with delight the completion of an enterprise which will be both an ornament and a convenience to the town.

THE ICE HARVEST.—Contrary to the expectations of proprietors of ice houses, there has been at length a sufficiency of the frozen luxury. The recent cold weather formed ice of sufficient thickness to warrant its being cut and stored, and most of the ice houses in Bloomsburg and vicinity have been filled. Ice cream during the ensuing summer begins to assume an air of probability and cobblers and juleps may yet delight the hearts of those thirsty ones, whose parched throats refuse to be comforted by water, soda or otherwise. Those of our citizens who had laid in a supply of snow ice, before the recent cold snap, we fear will find that they have *done* as well as *housed* "a soft thing."

THE SALE OF MILK —The legislature has now before it a bill which provides that any person contracting for the sale of milk and reducing the same with water, or in any way rendering it less valuable, shall be barred from any right to recover pay for the same; that any person knowingly selling or offering for sale impure, adulterated or unwholesome milk shall be deemed guilty of misdemeanor and liable to a fine of fifty dollars for each offence, or thirty days' imprisonment, or both; and that any person keeping cows for the production of milk for market in a crowded or unhealthy condition, or feeding them on food that produces unwholesome milk, shall be subject to a like penalty.

ACCIDENT.—We regret to state that Col. John G. Freeze was severely bruised by a fall on the morning of the fire, and has since been confined to his bed. His injuries although painful are not dangerous. To the manly and courageous action of Col. Freeze may be attributed much of the credit of saving the Exchange Block from destruction. He remained upon the roof of the Block during the fiercest of the fire, pouring water on the smoking rafters and in some cases tearing off the burning boards, and throwing them from the building. The owner of the property, as well as those renting stores therein, undoubtedly owe him much. We hope to be able to announce his complete recovery in our next issue.

THOMAS DOOLEY HEARD FROM.—All our readers have heard of this man in connection with the Rea homicide, he being the main witness against Donohue, Hester, Prior and Duffy. Happening to pick up a Philadelphia daily this week we find the following notice of his being brought before Judge Sudlow:

"In the case of Thomas Dooley, charged with exposing a faro board and gambling for a livelihood at a tavern in Third street, below Buttonwood, the jury rendered a verdict of guilty. Learning that this was a poor man, having a large family to support, that he was known as an honest man in Pottsville, and when he took the tavern about two months ago the gambling apparatus was there, and other extenuating circumstances, including the meagre evidence in the case, the court granted a new trial."

WE notice Governor Geary has incurred the displeasure of the editor of the Bloomsburg *Republican* in presuming to appoint Mr. Monroe, to the vacant Associate Judgeship of Columbia county. We are sorry for the Governor. It is a great pity that his duties as Governor of the State interfere with his desire to please everybody.—*Tunkhannock Republican.*

A VALUABLE MAGAZINE.—We have received the first number of a new Magazine "The Technologist" which although more especially adapted to the use of Engineers, Manufacturers and Builders, yet contains a large amount of reading matter of general interest. It is a large work of 44 pages and is well illustrated. This Magazine will supply a want long felt and we wish it good speed. Price $2.00. It is issued by the Industrial Publication Co. 176 Broadway, New York.

If you have a discharge from the nose, offensive or otherwise, partial loss of the sense of smell, taste or hearing, eyes watering or weak, feel dull and stupid or debilitated, pain or pressure in the head, take cold easily, you may rest assured that you have the *Catarrh.*—Thousands annually, without manifesting half of the above symptoms, terminate in consumption and end in the grave. No disease is so common, more deceptive or less understood by physicians. R. V. Pierce, M. D., of Buffalo, N. Y., is the proprietor of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, a perfect specific for Catarrh, cold in the head, or catarrhal headache, which he sends to any address, post paid, for sixty cents, or four packages for $2. Sold by most druggists everywhere

OUR THANKS.—Are due to Mr. George E. Elwell, son of our President Judge, for an invitation to attend the celebration of Washington's Birth Day at the Trinity "College Cabinet," as, however, the invitation only reached us on the 2nd of March, we thought we would not go, in fact we "felt a delicacy" about attending so late in the season. We see by the Hartford papers that the students of Trinity did honor to the natal day of the Father of his Country, Among other entertainments the Euterpean society gave a grand Parlor Concert. The name of Mr. Elwell, appears in a prominent character in an Operetta performed by the society. We would have been vastly pleased to have been present but as the adverse fates willed otherwise, we can do no more than tender our thanks for the invitation and bestow our blessing on the society, which we hereby do.

POOR SEAMSTRESSES.—Very few, save those whose missionary duties lead them into the adoves of the sewing women of the cities, know what a frightful warfare is constantly being waged by these poor women against starvation. Occasionally however we become possessed of a few items relating to their miserable stroggle for existence, of which the following will serve for samples; one poor soul makes vests at eighteen cents apiece for a wholesale house. She can earn $8 a month by working fourteen hours a day, including Sundays. She pays $3 a month for her attic, and has two small children to support. She has eaten meat once only—and then it was given to her—since Thanksgiving Day. Another "a finisher" of fine shirts, makes about $2 a week, working hard for it. She has a grandmother to support, and "has often lived for weeks on bread and water, in order to afford the old woman a little broth every day."

PUBLIC SALES:—Bills for the sale of real and personal property have been printed at this office, viz:

Wm. Hippenstiel Briarcreek, Tuesday, March 8th, personal property.

Geo. Tovey, Hemlock, Wednesday, March 9th, personal property.

D. F. Bomboy, Hemlock, March 12th, personal property.

Estate of David W. Clark, deceased, Montour, Friday, March 18th, real estate.

Estate of Benj. Lowe, dec'd., Montour, Saturday, March 19th, real estate.

Estate of Cyrus Fry, dec'd., Bloomsburg, Saturday, March 19th, real estate.

Estate of H. H. Fritz, dec'd., Sugarloaf, Saturday, March 19th, real estate.

A. J. Berninger, Mainville, Friday, March 25th, personal property.

Estate of Benj. Boone, Orange, Saturday, March 26th, real estate.

A. K. Shuman, Mainville, Wednesday, March 30th, personal property.

Wm. Longenberger, Maine, March, — personal property.

TERRIBLE DEATH OF A MAN IN POUGHKEEPSIE.—A terrible affair occurred at Poughkeepsie, on Wednesday morning. It appears that for some time past vagrants have been in the habit of crawling under the arch over the boiler at the lower furnace in that city to sleep all night, because of the warmth obtained there. On Tuesday night, one of these poor wretches, named Peter Ferdon, crept there.—While he was sleeping, the engineer opened the blow off cock, and the pipe leading to the archway where Ferdon was asleep soon filled the place with one dense volume of steam. Ferdon, yelling with pain, crawled out as best he could, and endeavoring to escape, fell into a tub of hot water which was located under the dripping pipe. Again he crawled away, shrieking horribly and attracting help. He was picked up and sent to the alms house, where he died in great agony. The flesh was literally stripped from him, and parts of the bottoms of his feet were left near the arch where the terrible affair occurred.—Coroner Andrews held an inquest, the jury returned a verdict in accordance with the above facts. Deceased was an intemperate man.

THE LATE FIRE.—Among the sufferers by the recent fire in this place, was Mr. Clark Brown whose boot and shoe store in the hotel building was of course destroyed, together with his entire stock. His loss will amount to $300, not insured. W. H. Gilmore, Restaurant, loss $700 to $800, not insured. M. P. Lutz had his stock of fancy goods insured for $6,000 probably enough to cover his losses. Koons & Clark, we understand, were insured for $30,000 to $40,000. Many of the occupants of the Exchange Block adjoining the hotel building, experienced losses from the injury, destruction and theft of their goods, during and after removal. These losses will range from $200 or $300 downward. The boldness of the thieves was astonishing; in many cases they carried off goods under the very eyes of the owners, who, thinking they were removing them to places of safety, did not interfere. Nor were these depredations committed by men only, as divers of the so called fair sex (most *un*-fair in this case) were seen traveling off with dry goods and groceries. But on the other hand the women did much service at the outbreak of the fire in carrying water &c and even assisted in dragging the engine. Such women ought to vote.

The fine large panes of glass in the front windows of Brower's new store were shivered by the heat. They were valued at $200; insured. Moyer Bros., in the store adjoining saved theirs by covering them with carpets.

There have been no developments which would explain the origin of the fire, and it will probably never be definitely ascertained.

Both the citizens and firemen did all that could be done and to their exertions, and the calm which prevailed may be imputed the saving of the Exchange Block.

We earnestly hope that this destructive fire may serve to direct the public attention to the necessity of some sufficient supply of water. As it is, the town is at the mercy of the fiery element, more especially if an event like the above occur when the pumps are able to furnish but little water, as may be the case in a continued drought. Let us have water works by all means lest at some time a greater evil than this overtake us. It is a wise plan to lock the stable door previous to the abstraction of the horse.

It is said that the miners about Hazleton, Penn., with the exception of A. Pardee & Co's men, have stopped work.

LOCAL NOTICES.

SONG BOOKS.—New Music and Instruments of all kinds to be had at Alstatt's Court House alley.

WE notice S. H. Miller & Son getting quite a large stock of goods by Brown Line. They sell a great many goods for the simple reason they sell cheap.

FOR SALE.—A new Spring Wagon and double set of tug harness, can be bought at a low figure. Apply to Isaiah Hagenbuch, Main Street opposite Forks Hotel. n9-2t*

NOTICE.—By divine permission Elder J. J. Harvy of the Christian Church will preach at the Court House in Bloomsburg on Thursday Evening March 10. Services commence at half past seven. The Public are respectfully invited to attend. n9 2t.

PAPER BAGS.—We have on hand a fine assortment of paper bags of large and small sizes which we will sell at city rates. n5-4t.*

CROUP generally comes on in the night when it is not easy to get medicine. Therefore take 25 cents and buy a bottle of Phoenix Pectoral and keep it until you need it. n6-4t.

Receipts of "THE COLUMBIAN" for February 1870.

Koons & Clark	$54 00	J B Knittle	26 00
J B Kitchen	2 00	Est of Fred Hess	2 50
V Wellliver	3 50	Aaron Person	2 00
Allen Fetterman	2 00	R J Millard	5 50
Susan Keller	2 00	Blanks	50
Est of Geo Keller	3 00	I K Brickbaum	2 00
McKellar, Smiths & Joyden	27 48	Isaac Mowry	2 00
John N Gordon	2 00	Geo Derr	3 00
Blanks	1 15	Wm Lamon	2 00
T J Vanderslice	6 00	S M Ellis	2 00
A J Pressott	3 00	Nathan Miller	2 00
Evan Wellliver	2 00	Jesse Cooper	4 00
Mrs Louisa Nuss	2 25	Lewis Schuyler	2 00
T J Wellliver	2 00	Aaron Smith	2 00
J J Richart	3 00	J C Zimmerman	4 00
John Neyhard	4 00	Daniel F Curry	2 00
Jacob M Girton	2 00	J Loreman	2 00
Moses Everett	2 00	J F Hutchinson	2 00
Est of Jas Everett	3 00	Eli Oliver	2 00
Robt S Ent	3 00	Geo Whitenight	1 25
E Fritz	1 50	Geo H Gordner jr	4 00
A B Swisher	4 20	Wm Mastetler	2 00
Stephen Wolf	2 00	Estate of John Blanks	20
Joseph Carner	2 00	Reichard	5 50
C B Gunther	2 00	Dr J J Leiser	2 00
William Pursel	2 00	George Vance	4 00
J J Campbell	2 00	Blanks	25
Wm J Burke	6 40	R B Wintersteen	2 00
Charles Ash	2 00	Wm Wintersteen	2 00
Wm Ash	2 00	Reuben Shuman	2 00
Stephen Poe	2 00	Aaron W Hess	2 00
Joseph Pohe	2 00	Daniel Morris	2 00
Isaiah Bower	2 00	David Miller	2 00
Freeman D Bower	2 00	Leinhard Drake	8 50
Eli Robbins	2 00	Edmund Schell	6 00
H J Ammerman	2 00	Daniel Leiby	2 03
C K Mensch	2 25	Wm Hippenstiel	5 25
Amzi Craig	3 00	Joseph C Knittle	2 00
Blanks	80	D F Bomboy	3 00
J H Fritz	2 25	Winters ven	3 00
G W Fry	2 00	John M Henry	2 30
C D Fowler	2 00	James Lake	2 00
E H Baldy	2 00	David Demott	2 02
M E Jackson	4 00	Wm G Quick	2 00
Blanks	45	Bauer Family	14 00
D B Federolf	2 00	Jeremiah Stout	2 00
Wm A Kile	2 00	Paul Kline	88
Blanks	25	H G Barton	4 00
Samuel Nuss	2 00	Solomon Diemer	2 00
Peter J Lantz	2 00	John Leggott	5 00
J C Ayer & Co.	20 00	David H Wagner	2 00
James Connor	6 00	Joseph Artley	2 00
J J Smith	3 50	Geo Tovey	1 60
I S Monroe	2 50	Daniel Pealer	6 10
Ed Hartman	2 00	Levi L Tate	1 00
Peter Heller	1 50	John D Houck	4 00
Bethuel Whipple	2 00	Uriah Hower	4 00
Thomas Geddes	2 00	W H Jacoby	2 75
John H Heller	4 00	B F Beardsley M D	3 00
Isaac Andrews	2 00	A M Mauteller	2 00
Wm F. Leidy	2 00	Wm Hartzel	2 00
Estate of Michael Haggenbuch	9 25	Isaac Lutz	2 00
Elias Watts	4 00	Jacob Knittle	1 00
Fred Hagenbuch	5 00	Saml Hagenbuch	2 00
W. B. Koons	11 05	Wm M'Hride	2 00
B F Dietrick	2 00	Powl Kilkendall	3 70
John Morgan	2 00	Cyrus Reichard	2 00
Alfred Creveling	4 00	G E Eckert	1 40
Wm Straub	2 00	P A Seil M D	6 00
Philip Delrelin	30	John Kressler	2 00
Blanks	30	Joseph Lilley	2 00
Wm Bellas	1 50	J M Harman	6 00
Blanks	25	Henry Whitesell	3 75
Wm Longenberger	1 50	W H Brock	4 00
Tschwippenheiser	2 00	J E Edson	2 00
Wm Harris	2 50	John Moyer	2 40
Harry Barman	2 00	J C Ellis	2 00
Jacob D umbler	2 00	Wm Campbell	2 40
Wm Campbell	2 40	J C Zimmerman	4 00
N Breidbenuer sr	1 00	Peter Heimbach	1 40
P Driesbach	30	G W Mauger	3 50
Blanks	50	Blanks	0 00
Moses Markle	2 00	Thomas Ritter	2 00
Henry Hinterliter	4 05	A K Shuman	3 50
J W Kitchen	2 00	A J Berninger	3 50
Thomas Smith	2 00		

Bloomsburg Market Report.

Wheat per bushel	$1.15
Rye "	1 00
Corn "	45
Oats "	40
Flour per barrel	7 00
Cloverseed	8 00
Flaxseed	2 5
Buttter per lb	30
Eggs "	20
Tallow "	10
Potatoes "	40
Dried Apples "	2 5
Hams "	15
Sides and Shoulders "	12
Lard per pound	10
Hay per ton	18 00
IRON—	
No. 1 Scotch pig	$42
No. 2 " "	40
Bloom	$39

LUMBER.

Hemlock Boards per thousand feet	$16 00
Pine " " " (one inch)	18 to 20
Joist, Scantling, Plank, (Hemlock)	15 00
Shingles, No. 1 per thousand	8 00
" " 2 " "	6 00
Siding " " ft.	18 00

Philadelphia Markets.

FLOUR—
Northwestern superfine at ..... $4.25@ 4.50
Northwestern extra ..... 4.50@ 4.75
Northwestern family ..... 5.00@ 5.50
Pennsylvania and Western superfine ..... 5.00@5.50
Pennsylvania and Western extra ..... 5.75@ 6.75
Pennsylvania and Western family ..... 6.50@7.00
Pennsylvania and Western fancy ..... 11.50@12.00
Rye flour $5.25
WHEAT—Pennsylvania red, ₰ bus ..... $1.68@1.70
Southern " " ..... $2.58@2.72
California " " $3.20
" white " " ..... $3.15@3.10
RYE—Pennsylvania rye, ₰ bus ..... $1.40@1.45
CORN—Yellow, " $1.2
" White, " ..... $1.17@1.18
OATS—₰ bus ..... 62@65
PROVISIONS—Mess Pork, ₰ bbl $21.50
" Mess Beef " $21.00
Dressed Hogs, ₰ lb ..... 8½@9
Smoked Hams " ..... 17@18
Shoulders ₰ lb 13
Lard, ₰ lb ..... 17@18
SEEDS—Cloverseed ₰ bus ..... $9.00@9.50
Timothyseed ₰ bus $4.37
Flaxseed $2.55
CATTLE—Beef Cattle ₰ lb ..... 9c@10c
Cows, ₰ head ..... $35@ 8
SHEEP—₰ lb ..... 7@8
Hogs—₰ 100 lbs ..... $11@$11.07

A COUGH, COLD OR SORE THROAT

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Requires immediate attention, as neglect often results in an incurable Lung Disease.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES will almost invariably give instant relief in Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases, they have a soothing effect.

Singers and Public Speakers use them to clear and strengthen the voice.

Owing to the good reputation and popularity of the Troches, many worthless and cheap imitations are offered, which are good for nothing. Be sure to obtain the true

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

nov. 12,'69-6m.

PUBLIC SALE

—OF—

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, Pa., will be exposed to public sale on the premises in Montour township in said county, on FRIDAY the 18th day of March next by Lewis Yetter, guardian of the person and estate of Julia A. Clark a minor daughter of David W. Clark, late of said township and county aforesaid, deceased, the undivided one-third of those two certain tracts of land situate in the township of Montour, Columbia county, to wit: One thereof adjoining lands of Emanuel Lazarus, Andrew Clark, Mary Clark and the Susquehanna river, containing

106 ACRES AND 107 PERCHES.

76 Acres whereof is cleared land and in a good state of cultivation balance in timber, whereon is erected a large

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

Bank Barn, and other good out buildings with a good Apple Orchard, and good water at the dwelling. The other tract adjoining lands late of William G. Hurley dec'd, Mary Clark, the tract above described and lands of Andrew Clark, containing

95 ACRES AND 140 PERCHES.

This tract is unimproved and is well timbered.

Sale to commence at ten o'clock A. M., of said day. Conditions of sale will be made known on day of sale. LEWIS YETTER,

Guardian.

We, the undersigned owners of the other two undivided one-thirds of said real estate above described will join the guardian in the above sale so that the purchaser or purchasers will get a title in fee simple for the whole of said land.

FLORA SHUMAN.
JANE CLARK.

feb24'70-3t.

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING neatly executed at THE COLUMBIAN Steam Printing Office.

STATEMENT OF THE FINANCES

OF THE

COUNTY OF COLUMBIA,

From January 1, 1869 to January 1, 1870.

JACOB YOHE, JR., Treasurer of the County of Columbia, in account with said County for County purposes for the year A. D. 1869.

DR.

1869.			
Jan. 6	To amount outstanding for 1868 and previous years	$8,291 10	
" "	To amount per Auditor's Report January 1869,	1,692 87	
" "	To J. R. Groul and from C. House	15 00	
Feb. 2	To Catawissa Co'r, 1868 10 day list	1 85	
" 11	To Geo. Beagle for bridge plank	2 00	
" 19	To David Savage, old bridge, F. ck.	54 97	
Mar. 11	To Hemlock co'r, additional tax	1 76	
Apr. 15	To George Evans, Poor Overseer, Briarcreek	44 26	
" 18	To J. R. Fritz, on sale of estray, Sugarloaf,	33 00	
July 23	To amount of County tax assessed for 1869,	28,616 39	
Aug 19	To James Farnsworth, plank	1 45	
" "	To Jesse Coleman, jury fees for 1867 — 1868,	132 00	
" "	To Jesse Coleman, fines,	156 00	
Sept 13	To George Evans, Poor Overseer, Briarcreek,	86 00	
Nov. 9	To Jas. McCormick on his costs,	30 00	
"	To Registry List,	322 16	
Dec 16	To David Savage, old bridge, Sugarloaf,	35 50	
"	To note on $2000 discounted First National Bank, Bloomsburg,	1,977 65	
"	To seated and unseated taxes returned,	55 63	
"	To redemption money in hand,	500 98	
"	To a noont outstanding on State for 1869,	85 60	
"	To amount received for use of court room of sundry persons,	85 00	
"	To amount received on Militia fines,	44 18	
" 31	To Jesse Coleman, jury fees,	16 00	
" "	" " " fines,	157 00	
"	To cash paid Assessors, &c., managing dog fund,	50 00	
"	To Ten day list, Fishingcreek, 1865, added,	6 00	
		$42,427 26	

CR.

By amount outstanding for 1869 and previous years	$8,085 15
By amount outstanding for 1869 on State tax	37 00
By amount refunded to A. J. Colley for estray sold	33 00
By amount interest paid Bloomsburg Bank on $3,000	48 54
By amount paid State over amount assessed with amount outstanding	53 08
By amount commission allowed collectors	1,103 72
By amount exonerations do do	300 81
By amount County orders redeemed	30,802 97
By amount Treasurer's commission on $30,790 20	1,231 63
By amount balance due and paid over	603 47
	$42,427 26

JACOB YOHE, JR., Treasurer, of Columbia county in account with Tax on Dogs, 1869.

DR.

Jan. 6	To amount outstanding for 1868, &c	$849 97
	To amount assessed for 1869	1,405 00
		$2,254 97

CR.

By amount outstanding for 1869, &c.,	$313 81
By amount sheep orders redeemed	1,408 12
By amount commission allowed collectors	116 41
By amount exonerations " "	122 14
By amount paid assessors, &c., managing dog fund	50 00
By amount Treasurer's commission	70 31
By amount balance due and paid over	176 18
	$2,254 97

STATEMENT showing the amount of County and Dog Tax assessed in each district in the County for 1869, and the balance unpaid in each district December 31, 1869.

Districts.	County Assessed	County Due	Dog Ass'd.	Dog Due
Bloom	5,425 62	561 88	125 50	101 50
Briarcreek	1,242 41	281 65	61 00	11 00
Beaver	619 34	140 16	49 00	
Benton	745 81	386 73	58 50	10 50
Berwick	765 19	191 07	21 00	
Centre	1,067 14	535 54	68 50	
Catawissa	1,381 65	295 05	74 50	11 50
Centralia	774 34	778 08	8 00	8 00
Conyngham	2,377 34	638 94	40 00	20 00
Franklin	673 57	270 49	37 00	
Fishingcreek	1,983 68	440 16	69 50	
Greenwood	1,281 93	221 57	81 50	
Hemlock	1,044 51	778 98	59 50	29 45
Jackson	381 40		35 50	
Locust	1,114 81	636 95	129 50	40 50
Maine	649 98	141 80	38 50	
Montour	954 06	242 84	43 50	18 50
Mifflin	1,624 41	168 87	74 50	
Madison	1,096 32	194 90	60 50	
Mt. Pleasant	492 58		51 00	
Orange	788 82	739 75	56 00	
Pine	597 67		39 00	
Roaringcreek	431 37	202 37	30 50	10 50
Sugarloaf	281 57	39 55	44 00	8 00
Scott	1,842 54	373 22	46 00	
	28,616 39	7,537 69	1,405 00	289 45

The following is the amount due prior to 1869,

Districts.	Names of Collectors.	County tax.	Dog Tax.
Centralia Bor.	1866, W. H. Reinbold		5 50
Madison,	1868, Jacob Bechtel	66 78	
Bloom,	1868, J. H. Furman	261 01	
Conynghams,	1868, D. T. M'Kiernan, dec'd.	219 64	39 60
Total		$547 46	$44 36
Add amount due from 1869		7,557 69	289 45
Amount due on County		8,085 15	
Add amount due on State for 1869,		55 09	
Total due		$8,120 24	$333 81
Expenses for the year 1869,			
Paid Auditors for county settlements		$74 00	
" Auditors for Proth'y and Register accounts		25 00	10 00
" Assessors for spring assessments			53 75
BRIDGE CONTRACTS.			
" W. A. Kile, Cole's creek, Sugarloaf Balance		200 00	
" Daniel Rohrbeny, Raven creek, Fishingc'k, Bal.		108 74	
" Eli Mendenhall, West ck. Benton,		780 00	
" David Savage near E. Cole's, Sugarloaf,		885 50	
" John Leggott, building & repair, Pine,		110 00	1,684 14
" Bridge Repair to sundry persons,			1,176 63
" Blank Books for county offices,			195 00
" County Buildings, repair, &c. to Prothonotary and Register's and Commissioners' office, Court House fence, jail, fence and buildings,			852 11
" cleaning Court House,			34 00
" Commissioner's att'y, E. H. Little,			75 00
" Court crier. M. Coffman.			102 50
" Commonwealth costs,			1,317 00
" Constable Returns to Court,			285 55
" Commissioner Mont. Cole		332 00	
" " H. Yeager		276 00	
" " Wm. Lyon		242 00	
" " C. Robbins,		32 00	
" Commissioners' clerk W. Krickbaum,		650 00	1,532 00
" Court House extension, Balance,			183 31
" District Attorney E. R. Ikeler,			68 00
" Election expenses, Spring		4 8 38	
" " Fall,		718 49	1,146 76
" Fox and wild cat scalps,			79 00
" Fuel,			62 12
" Inquests on dead bodies,			116 75
INCIDENTAL EXPENSES.			
Paid J. J. Robbins & Co., for roosm matting C. Room,		62 50	
" Koons & Clark, boarding Police while at jail,		70 60	
" Koons & Clark, boarding Jury, Trial,		280 00	
" Koons & Clark, boarding Jury Duffy trial,		200 00	
" M. C. Woodward, guarding prisoners,		235 00	
" S. H. Miller & Son, two chandeliers for C. Room,		232 08	
" E. H. Little, fees in suit of Wm. Piatt,		172 79	
" M. M. L'Velle, Attorney for Centralia Police bill,		2,628 41	
" M. Millard, Sheriff, on Fi. Fa. re-ascertained back State debt from 1864 to 1868 with lists, and cost,		5,011 31	
" Sundry paper and other needed means, and Insurance, Lycoming Co. Jurors,		177 92	9,050 06 / 52 50 / 5,156 41
" Jury commissioners,			70 37
" Medical attendance on prisoners,			15 01
" Post mortem examina'n,			20 00
" Penitentiary and Lunatic Hospital,			482 49
" Prothonotary, Coleman,			594 05
" Printing, W. H. Jacoby, Balance,		5 00	
" Printing C. B. Brockway, on account,		342 70	347 70
" " J. S. Sanders,		30 00	
" Postages and Stamps,			8 00
" Road and bridge views,			284 00
" Road damage to sundry persons,			2,653 00
" Registry Expenses			562 25
" Register, Treasurer's Bonds, &c.,			14 05
" Sheriff boarding prisoners, &c., and conveying convicts E. S. Penitentiary and H. of Refuge,			1,301 00
" Stationery for Court,			41 80
" Sheep damage,			1,165 61
" Tip Staves,			216 62
" Tax refunded to twps.			142 07
" Teachers' county Institute, C. G. Barkley,			60 39
Amount of orders issued in 1869,			$29,852 55
Deduct sheep orders issued,		$1,165 61	
And tax refunded,		142 07	1,307 68
Expenses for the year 1869,			$28,544 87

STATEMENT OF DOG TAX.

Amount sheep orders unredeemed for 1867,	34 75	
" sheep orders unredeemed for 1868,	202 00	
" sheep orders unredeemed for 1869,	1,079 49	$1423 24
Deduct amount dog fund on hand,	176 18	
" amount uncollected, county and ex. included	313 81	489 99
Excess of damage over said fund		$933 25

STATEMENT OF COUNTY ORDERS.

Total amount orders redeemed in 1869,	30,932 97
Deduct amount old orders redeemed in 1869,	2,477 23
Gives amount, redeemed of 1869	$28,455 74
Add am't of 1869 not redeemed,	231 00
Gives amount issued in 1869,	$28,686 74
Amount due for 1867, R. views,	11 00
" " " 1868, "	10 00
" " " 1869, "	231 00
Total,	$252 00

We, the undersigned, Auditors of Columbia county, being duly elected to adjust and settle the accounts of the Treasurer and Commissioners of Columbia county, do hereby certify that we met at the office of the Treasurer and Commissioners, in Bloomsburg, and carefully examined the accounts and vouchers of the same from the 1st day of January A. D. 1869 to the 1st day of January A. D. 1870, and find them correct in the foregoing statement, and we find a balance due Columbia county on County Tax six hundred and three dollars and forty-seven cents, ($603.47), and Dog Tax one hundred and seventy-six dollars eighteen cents, ($176.18), from Jacob Yohe, Jr., Treasurer of said county. Given under our hands this fourth day of January A. D. 1870.

JACOB HARRIS,
A. J. ALBERTSON,
U. J. CAMPBELL, } County Auditors.

JACOB YOHE JR., TREASURER of Columbia county, in account with the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the year 1869.

DR.

To amount of State quota for 1869 as fixed by Board of Revenue Com'rs.	$1,834 92
To amount quota ½ mill tax as fixed by Board of Revenue Commissioners,	288 39
	$2,123 31

CR.

By State Treasurer's Receipt Aug. 6, 1869,	724 27
By " " " " 16, 1869,	1,001 47
By commission allowed collectors on $1,834 92	91 75
By commission allowed Treasurer on $1,743 17 at 1 per cent.	17 43
By State Treasurer's Receipt Aug. 6, ½ mill Tax,	271 25
By commissions allowed collectors, on $288 39,	14 42
By commissions allowed Treasurer on $270 97 at 1 per cent.,	2 74
	$2,123 31

The same in account with Tax on Bank stock for the year 1869 in Columbia county.

DR.

To amount of said tax assessed and collected in 1869,	375 00

CR.

By State Treasurer's Receipt, Aug. 20, 1869	300 00
By " " " Sept. 18 1869	52 09
By commissions allowed collectors at 5 per cent,	18 75
By commissions allowed Treasurer on $356 25 at 1 per cent.,	3 56
	$375 00

The same in account with Eating House License for 1869,

DR.

To amount of said License for 1869	300 00

C

FARMER'S COLUMN.

Cow Manure.

THE very best manure for all kinds of flowers, strawberries, and other small fruits, is cow manure. In fact, actual test has demonstrated that it is valuable as a manure for all kinds of vegetation, and better than anything else for the flower and small fruit garden, Cows feed upon herbage principally—the grasses, in their green or cured state—and the very *essence* of that herbage is applied to the plants in the shape of well fermented manure. I saved *two cords* of this valuable fertilizer last fall and winter in the following manner: I kept two cows, and a wheelbarrow and spade in my barn lot. I built two pens eight feet long, four feet high, and four feet wide, and covered them over with boards, leaving one end open. Knowing the value of this manure, and the difficulty of saving it properly if left lying about uncollected in the yard for the pigs and other stock to destroy, I told one of my boys that I wanted him to take it up with the spade and barrow every morning and evening, at milking time, and wheel it to the pens and throw it in. By way of encouraging him to do this work regularly, I agreed to give him twenty-five cents every Monday morning, as extra pay. He was faithful, and at the end of four months I had two cords of manure, worth more than the same quantity of any other fertilizer known, at a cost of only *four dollars*. I would not have taken *twenty dollars* for it the first of March. At that time I composted the two heaps with an equal quantity of sods from the roadside, wetting down the mass with soap suds, and on the first of April applied it to my flower borders and strawberry beds; and such flowers and fruit I never had before. Its good effects will be seen for years, or as long as I desire to keep the beds in cultivation with berries and flowers.

Stamford, Ky. WOODMAN.

THIS is an experience worthy of imitation. Who can tell a better manure story?

FEEDING SPRING PIGS.—Rev. John W. Haskell, of Lisbon, Conn., bought on May 1st, 1869, a pig, eight weeks and three days old. It was not large of its age, but was thrifty, and of the most approved breed in the country. He kept it till it was two hundred and twenty-five days old (seven and one half months.) and then killed it, when it weighed 337 pounds, having gained an average of one and one half pounds a day from its birth. He might have sold it at 15c. a pound, and it would have brought him $50.55.

On September 1st, he bought another pig six weeks old. He kept it until it was one hundred and twenty-two days old (four months), and it weighed, dressed and dry, 140 pounds, having gained an average of one pound and two and a half ounces a day.

He fed both on one half wheat shorts and one half Indian meal at first, gradually decreasing the quantity of shorts and increasing the quantity of meal, until the last month, when the shorts were left out entirely.

In addition to the meal, the spring pig had the milk of a cow and heifer, was regularly fed, and was permitted the range of a pen about twelve feet long by six feet wide.

It is exceedingly rare that a hog shows such an average increase as the one first named. Taking our Eastern spring pigs, they are generally killed at from nine to ten months old, and the general average is not over two hundred and fifty pounds—a growth of less than a pound a day.

We believe that our farmers could save quite a considerable sum by a more careful and generous feeding of their hogs. The general plan is to "keep them along" during the summer with slops, sour milk, etc., waiting till fall before feeding much grain; whereas meal fed from the day the pig is four weeks old till the day it is killed, all that it will bear and keep healthy, is money well invested. There can be no question about the matter if corn can be bought for $1 20 a bushel, and pork brings twelve cents a pound.

ONIONS FOR POULTRY.—It is a well-known fact to the owners of poultry that the occasional use of onions, mixed and fed to poultry with their other food, is one of the best ways of keeping a yard of poultry in health. I am afraid it has not received the attention and use that its merits really demand. I am well satisfied that the use of this vegetable would prevent three-fourths of the diseases that a poultry yard is subject to. Not that it is a cure-all after disease has once secured a hold, but I know that I have cured cases of most severe croup by its use after standard remedies had failed. I become convinced that if an article like this would cure, the occasional use of it would be a preventive, and such I have found it to be not only in croup, but in all those diseases that poultry are liable to under carelessness and mismanagement.—Fowls will readily eat if it is sliced fine and mixed with their food. Give it as often as once a week—oftener if you choose—it will do them good. Make a trial of this vegetable, breeders of poultry, and then you will know for a certainty how to appreciate it.—*Ex.*

TREATMENT OF YOUNG PIGS.—To make pigs thrive, the feeder must take an interest in them—watch their progress from day to day; see what they relish, giving them always *enough* but never allowing them to leave any. Keep their appetites always whetted up.—When their mother is finally taken away, they hardly miss her ,*and go on* thriving without interruption. What is called mange results either from heat of too many being together, or else from insufficient food. It can be cured by removal of these two causes, and giving a thorough washing all over with soap-lather and tepid water—especially behind the ears. Till very cold weather, give no straw, or if any is allowed, change it frequently. Nothing contributes more to mange in hogs than dirty straw. Sweep out thoroughly the plank floor, on which alone hogs should be allowed to sleep, and whitewash the sides and corners.

Boil or steam small potatoes, pumpkins, squashes, cabbages, turnips, also meal, and feed the young growing pigs with them. Give them access to charcoal and occasionally wood ashes, as an appetizer, and there is no difficulty in making money out of pork.—*Practical Farmer.*

THE YOUNG FOLKS.

Johnny Tearful.

BY GEORGE COOPER.

I'll tell you of the queerest lad:
They called him Johnny Tearful;
A very sorry way he had
Of never being cheerful.
He cried the moment he got up;
He made a din at dinner;
With tears enough to fill a cup
He never grew much thinner.

He cried in spite of all you said
To keep the tears from streaming;
He cried when he was put to bed;
He cried while he was dreaming.
His doleful eyes of pigmy size
Were dim with overflowing;
A walking shower-bath he was—
The shower forever going.

They told him that the moon was round,
Enough, that set him bawling;
He scared the kittens off the ground
By vesstant caterwauling.
But though his tears fell thick and fast,
They never did his woes end;
Folks wondered how the drops could last;
They trickled down his nose end.

His kites were never made to suit;
Of course that made him bellow.
He cried for green, forbidden fruit—
This aggravating fellow.
Why, if you only called his name,
In tears you made him jump up:
It really was a perfect shame,
The number he could pump up.

What cared he for the spring-time days,
For flowers, or this or that bird?
Why, when he went his moody ways
Each robin, jay, and cat-bird
Flew up and shook its downy head,
While gayly hummed the May-bee;
And this is what the birdies said:
"Cheer up, cheer up, cry-baby."

And now poor Johnny's fate I sing:
He rose one morning early,
And in his eyes—the usual thing—
There stood the tear-drops pearly.
He kicked, and splashed the water round
They brought to wash his face in
Then quietly dissolved! they found
One huge tear in the basin!

—*Our Young Folks.*

PROCRASTINATION.—A lady who found it difficult to awake as she wished in the morning, purchased an alarm watch. These watches are so contrived as to strike with a very loud whirring noise, at any hour the owner pleases to set them. The lady placed her watch at the head of the bed, and found herself effectually aroused by the long rattling sound. She immediately obeyed the summons, and felt better all day for her early rising. This continued for several weeks. The alarm watch faithfully performed its office, and was distinctly heard so long as it was opeped. But after a time, the lady grew tired of early rising; and, when she was wakened by the noisy monitor, she merely turned herself and slept again. In a few days the watch ceased to rouse her from slumber. It spoke just as loudly as ever, but she did not hear it because she had acquired the habit of disobeying it. Finding that she might just as well be without an alarm watch, she formed the wise resolution, that if she ever heard the sound again, she would jump up instantly, and that she never would allow herself to disobey the friendly warning.

Just so it is with conscience. If we obey its dictates, even to the most trifling particulars, we always hear its voice, clear and strong; but if we allow ourselves to do what we have some fears may not be quite right, we shall grow more sleepy until the voice of conscience has no longer any power to awaken us.

DIME NOVELS.—A certain minister of the Methodist church has a son, who returned from school a few months since with a report of choolarship below the average.

"Well," said his father, "you've fallen behind this month, have you."

"Yes, sir."

"How did that happen?"

"Don't know sir."

The father knew if the son did not. He had observed a number of dime novels scattered about the house, but had not thought it worth while to say anything until a fitting opportunity should offer itself. A basket of apples stood upon the floor. And he said: "Empty out those apples, and take the basket and bring it to me half full of chips."

Suspecting nothing, the son obeys.

"And now," he continued, "put those apples back into the basket."

When half of the apples were replaced, the son said:

"Father, they roll off. I can't put in any more."

"Put 'em in, I tell you."

"But, father, I can't put them in."

"Put them in?" No, of course you can't put them in. Do you expect to fill a basket half full of chips and then fill it up with apples? You said you didn't know why you fell behind at school; and I will tell you. Your mind is like that basket. It will not hold more than so much. And here you've been, the past mouth, filling it up with CHIP DIRT—*Dime novels.*"

The boy turned on his heel, whistled, and said, "Whew! I see the point."

Not a dime novel has been seen in the house from that day to this.—*Ex*

A Kind Word To Young Men.

There is nothing that clings so pertinaciously to an individual as habits acquired in early youth. The boy who lounges away his evenings on the corner, in the lager beer saloon, or in idle and unprofitable conversation is laying up for himself a store of misery which will plague him for the rest of his life, and the youth who at eighteen makes the humiliating confession that he is already so completely the slave of tobacco or ardent spirits, that he cannot give them up, is to be regarded with pity. Good habits acquired in early life are just as lasting as bad ones. The young man who spends his evenings at home in pleasant and profitable study, or in the company of those from whose associations he will learn only that which is good and ennobling, must have a depraved heart and taste if he does not become a useful man. Such thoughts as these should be pondered well by the young men of the pre-ent generation, so many of whom are wasting precious moments and hours in more than profitless pursuits.

A TESTIMONIAL.—'Dear Doctor: I will be 176 years old, next October. For 93 years I have been an invalid, unable to move except when stirred with a lever; but a year ago last Thursday I heard of the Granicular syrup. I bought a bottle, smelt at the cork, and found myself a new man. I can now run twelve and a half miles an hour, and throw nine somersaults without stopping. P. S.—A little of your Allcumstoutum Salve applied to the wooden leg, reduced a compound fracture in nineteen minutes, and is now covering the limb with a fresh cuticle of white gum pine bark.—*American Paper.*

Stoves and Tinware.

NEW STOVE AND TIN SHOP.

ISAIAH HAGENBUCH,

Main Street one door above E. Mendenhall's Store.

A large assortment of Stoves, Heaters and Ranges constantly on hand, and for sale at the lowest rates.

Tinning in all its branches carefully attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed.

Tin work of all kinds wholesale and retail. A trial is requested.

Apr.9,69-tf

STOVES AND TINWARE.

A. M. RUPERT

announces to his friends and customers that continues the above business at his old place on

MAIN STREET, BLOOMSBURG.

Customers can be accomodated with

FANCY STOVES

of all kinds, Stovepipes, Tinware, and every variety of article found in a Stove and Tinware Establishment in the cities, and on the most reasonable terms. Repairing done at the shortest notice.

25 DOZEN MILK-PANS

on hand for sale.

NEW STOVE AND TIN SHOP.

ON MAIN STREET, NEARLY OPPOSITE MILLER' STORE,

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

THE undersigned has just fitted up and opened his new

STOVE AND TIN SHOP,

n this place, where he is prepared to make up new TIN WARE of all kinds in his line, and do repairing with neatness and dispatch, upon the most reasonable terms. He also keeps on hand STOVES OF VARIOUS PATTERNS & STYLES, which he will sell upon terms to suit purchasers. Give him a call. He is a good mechanic, and deserving of the public patronage.

JACOB METZ.

Bloomsburg, April 29, 1867.

Foundries.

SHARPLESS & HARMAN,

EAGLE FOUNDRY AND MANUFACTURING SHOP,

STOVES & PLOWS WHOLESALE & RETAIL

THE CELEBRATED MONTROSE IRON BEAM AND THE HUTTON WOODEN BEAM PLOWS.

Castings and Fire Brick for repairing city Stoves. All kinds of Brass or Iron casting made to order upon short notice.

B. F. SHARPLESS & P. S. HARMAN,
Bloomsburg, Pa. Proprietors.
Mar.19,'69-tf.

ORANGEVILLE FOUNDRY,

MACHINE SHOP AND AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

The undersigned desires to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has rebuilt and enlarged his Foundry and Machine Shop, and removed all his business from Light Street to the above named place, where in connection with his Foundry he will continue to manufacture Wheeler's Railway Chain Horse-Power and Thresher, (improved), Carnell's Patent.

THRESHER AND CLEANER,

either overshot for Tread-Power or undershot with Lever-Power. He also manufactures to order and fits up all kinds of

MILL GEARING,

Circular Saw Mandrels, Patent Slides for Saw Mills, the latest improved Iron Beam Plows of different kinds Wooden Beam Plows, Double Corn Plows, and Plow Points of every description generally used throughout the county.

IRON KETTLES, BELLS

Cellar Grates, Stoves, Sled and Sleigh Soles, and in fact everything generally made in a country Foundry. Those wishing to purchase Machines would do well to examine his machines, and the improvements made on the power, by which at least 20 per cent. of the friction is taken off.

ALL MACHINES ARE WARRANTED

to give good satisfaction and terms made to suit purchasers. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for Plows and castings.

Thankful to his friends and patrons for past favors he would still continue to solicit the same.

WILLIAM SCHUYLER.
Apr.9,69-tf Orangeville Pa.

Wall Paper and Painting.

IMPORTANT

TO BUILDERS, HOUSEHOLDERS & TENANTS.

The undersigned would announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity that he is prepared to execute

HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTING

in all its branches.

PAPER HANGING

Carefully attended to.

Strict attention to business and good workmanship it is believed will merit a fair show of public patronage.

Shop on Catharine Street between Third and Fourth.

Mar.5,'69-1y. WM. F. BODINE.

Insurance Agencies.

GLOBE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

Pliny Freeman, President, H. C. Freeman, Sec
Cash capital over $2,000,000, all paid.

J. B. ROBISON, BLOOMSBURG, PA
GENERAL AGENT,
For Luzerne, Lycoming and Columbia counties.

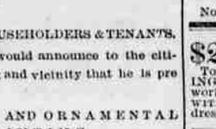
Aug. 20,'69-1y.

INSURANCE AGENCY.

Wyoming	$170,000
Ætna	4,000,000
Fulton	300,000
North America	860,000
City	450,000
International	1,400,000
Niagara	1,000,000
Putnam	500,000
Merchants	330,000
Springfield	570,000
Farmers' Danville	500,000
Albany City	400,000
Lancaster City	200,000
York Horse, Death & Theft	65,000
Home, New Haven	1,000,000
Danville, Horse Theft	

FREAS BROWN, *Agent,*
mar18,69-1y.* BLOOMSBURG, PA

For Pure Water, use this celebrated Pump, entirely tasteless, durable and reliable; equal to the good old-fashioned wooden Pump, and cost less than half the money. Easily arranged so as to be non-freezing, and in construction so simple that any one can put it up and keep it in repair.



CHS. G BLATCHLEY
624 & 626 FILBERT ST
PHILA.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PUMP NOW MADE.
Oct.22,'69-6m.

DENTISTRY.

H. C. HOWER, DENTIST,

Respectfully offers his professional services to the ladies and gentlemen of Bloomsburg and vicinity. He is prepared to attend to all the various operations in the line of his profession, and is provided with the latest improved PORCELAIN TEETH which will be inserted on gold plating, silver and rubber base to look as well as the natural teeth. Teeth extracted by all the new and most approved methods, and all operations on the teeth carefully and properly attended to.

Residence and office a few doors above the Court House, same side.

Bloomsburg, Jan.31,'68-tf

GRAND OPENING OF FURNITURE OPPOSITE THE OLD EPISCOPAL CHURCH, BLOOMSBURG, Pa.

The undersigned having just returned from the cities with a large assortment of Furniture and chairs of all kinds, also a large assortment of trunks, traveling bags, and cedar ware, feels confident he can sell cheaper than any Furniture dealer in this county. Material for repairing Sofas and Lounges constantly on hand. Lumber or country produce taken in exchange for furniture. Please give him a call before purchasing elsewhere.

WM. RAHB.
feb11'70-tf.

NOTICE.

All persons knowing themselves to be indebted to J. B. Fursel or J. B. Fursel & Co., will please call and settle their accounts by the first of April next as we wish to have the Books settled up

J. B. FURSEL & CO.
Bloomsburg, Feb. 18, 1870-4t

BUSINESS CARDS,
VISITING CARDS,
LETTER HEADS,
BILL HEADS,
PROGRAMMES,
POSTERS,
&C., &C.

Neatly and Cheaply Printed
From the Latest Styles of Type at the
COLUMBIAN OFFICE.

Drugs and Chemicals.

PHŒNIX PECTORAL CURES COUGH!
PHŒNIX PECTORAL CURES COUGH!
PHŒNIX PECTORAL CURES COUGH!

25 CENTS. $1.00

The Phœnix Pectoral will cure the diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Colds, Cough, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Sore Throat Hoarseness, Whooping Cough, and Pulmonary Consumption. This medicine is prepared by Dr. Levi Oberholtzer of Philadelphia, and formerly of Phœnixville, Pa., and although it has only been offered for five years, more than one million bottles have already been sold, and the demand for it is increasing every day. Many of the Retail Druggists buy it in lots of five gross, and not a few of the Country Storekeepers try one gross at a time. Nearly every one who has ever sold it testifies to its popularity, and nearly all who have used it, bear testimony to its wonderful power in curing Cough. We are confident that there is no known medicine of such great value to the community as the Phœnix Pectoral.

It has cured cases of the most painful and distressing character standing.

It has given instant relief in spells of coughing.

It has instantly stopped the paroxysm of Whooping Cough, and greatly shortened its duration.

It has cured Croup in a few minutes.

Consumption has been cured by it, where all other remedies had failed to do good.

Hoarseness has been cured by it in a single night.

Many physicians recommend it, and others use it themselves and administer it in their practice while others oppose it because it takes away their business.

We recommend it to our readers and for further particulars, would refer you to the circular around the bottle where you will find numerous certificates given by persons who have used it.

It is so pleasant to the taste that children cry for it.

It is a stimulating expectorant, giving strength at the same time that it allays the cough.

The proprietor of this medicine has so much confidence in its curative powers from the testimony of thousands who have used it that the money will be refunded to any purchaser who is not satisfied with the effects.

It is so cheap that all can buy it.

Price 25 Cents, Large Bottles $1.00

It is prepared only by

LEVI OBERHOLTZER M. D.,
WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,
No. 158 North Third Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

N. B.—If your nearest Druggist or Storekeeper does not have this medicine ask him to get it for you, and do not let him put you off with some other preparation because he makes more money on it; but go or send at once to some store where you know it is kept, or send to Dr. Oberholtzer. Sold by E. P. Lutz Druggist, Bloomsburg, and H. W. Creasy & Co., Light Street, and nearly every druggist and storekeeper in Columbia County.

dec. 10,'69-6m,

The undersigned would inform the good people of Bloomsburg and surroundings, that he has moved his Drug Store from the old stand to his New Rooms, on the West side of Main Street, below Market. And that he has fully replenished his stock of Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, and Yankee Notions.

—ALSO—

Coal Oil Lamps and Lanterns, Lamp Shades and Fixtures generally, for repairing the worn, Coloring and Dyeing material furnished to suit, any quantity, and for any Shade or Color.

Particular attention paid to putting up Physicians' and Family Prescriptions. Thanking for past favours, he would solicit a continuance of the same. Remember the New Stand, on Main Street, west side, below Market.

dec. 10,'69-3m. EPHRAIM P. LUTZ.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The Advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis etc. The object of the advertiser, in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription, will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings County, New York.
Nov. 26,'69-1y.

$2,000 A YEAR AND EXPENSES

To agents to sell the celebrated WILSON SEWING MACHINES. The best machine in the world. *Stitch alike on both sides.* ONE MACHINE WITHOUT MONEY. For further particulars, address 23 N. 9th St., Philad'a, Pa. feb1'70-1y.

EXECUTRIX'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF GEO. KELLER, DEC'D.

Letters testamentary on the estate of George Keller, late of Fishingcreek township, Columbia county dec'd, have been granted by the Register of said county to Susan Keller of Fishingcreek, Columbia county, Pa. All persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them to the Executrix in Columbia county. Those indebted to the estate either on note, judgment, mortgage or book account will make payment to the Executrix without delay.

SUSAN KELLER,
feb4'70-6w. Executrix.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. Those all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample, which will do to commence work on and a copy of *The People's Literary Companion*—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., Augusta, Maine.
jan.27'70,3m

SLATE ROOFING,

EVERY VARIETY AT MOST FAVORABLE RATES,

JOHN THOMAS, AND CASPER J. THOMAS
Box. 277. Bloomsburg, Pa.
Mar.19,69-1y

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF VALENTINE CHRISTIAN DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of V. Christian late of Madison twp., Columbia Co. deceased, have been granted by the Register of Columbia county to Franklin Christian of Madison township. All persons having claims or demands against the estate of the decedent are requested to make them known, and those indebted to make payment.

FRANKLIN CHRISTIAN
feb4'70-6w. Administrator,

POMONA NURSERY.

30 YEARS.

Kentucky Strawberry, Colossal Asparagus,—Everybody can have the benefit of 30 years' experience in my new descriptive Catalogue of 56 pages, for 10 Cents. It tells what and when to plant. WM. PARRY,
feb11'70-3t. Cinnaminson, N. J.

WANTED

AGENTS FOR THE KING OF HORSE BOOKS:

THE AMERICAN FARMER'S HORSE BOOK. It outsells, ten to one, any book of its kind published. 46th thousand in press. Agents doing better now than ever before. Also, for

OUR FAMILY PHYSICIAN.

In both ENGLISH and GERMAN. Embracing the ALLOPATHIC, HOMEOPATHIC, HYDROPATHIC, ECLECTIC and HERBAL modes of treatment, 544 closely printed pages. Price only $2.50. *The most complete, reliable and popular family medical book in existence.* Address C. F. VENT, Publisher, 38 W. 4th St., Cincinnati, Ohio. feb11'70-1m

AGENTS SHOULD ADDRESS C. F. VENT

3 Barclay St., N.Y. or 38 W. 4th St., Cincinnati, O.

If they want the most popular and best selling subscription books published, and the *most liberal terms.* Send for circulars. They will cost you nothing, and may be of great benefit to you.

feb11'70-1y.

H. C. HOWER,

has opened a first-class

BOOT, SHOE, HAT CAP, AND FUR STORE,

at the old stand on Main Street, Bloomsburg, a few doors above the Court House. His stock is composed of the very latest and best styles ever offered to the citizens of Columbia County. He can accommodate the public with the following goods at the lowest rates. Men's heavy double soled stogs boots, men's double and single tap soled kip boots, men's heavy stogs shoes of all kinds, men's fine boots and shoes of all grades, boy's double soled boots and shoes of all kinds, men's glove kid Balmoral shoes, men's, women's, boys's and misses' lasting gaiters, women's glove kid Polish very fine, women's morocco Balmorals and calf shoes, women's very fine kid buttoned gaiters. In short boots of all descriptions both pegged and sewed.

He would also call attention to his fine assortment of

HATS, CAPS, FURS AND NOTIONS.

which comprises all the new and popular varieties at prices which cannot fail to suit all. These goods are offered at the lowest cash rates and will be guaranteed to give satisfaction. A call is solicited before purchasing elsewhere as it is believed that better bargains are to be found than at any other place in the county.

Dec. 6'69

PARKER'S

BREECH-LOADING, DOUBLE BARRELED
SHOT GUN
BEST IN THE WORLD.
PARKER BROTHERS WEST MERIDEN, CONN.
SEND FOR A CIRCULAR

New York Office 27 BEEKMAN ST.
dec. 24,'69-6m.

Rail Roads.

LACKAWANNA AND BLOOMSBURG RAILROAD

On and after Jan. 17, 1870, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

	Going North. Arrive p. m.	Arrive a. m.	Going South. Leave p. m.	Leave a. m.
Scranton	8.45	11.00	4.00	7.20
			Leave	
Pittston	8.14	10.30	4.32	7.50
Kingston	7.50	10.03	5.00	8.20
Plymouth	7.38	9.48	5.10	8.30
Shickshinny	7.18	9.09	6.10	9.09
Berwick	6.03	8.39	6.50	9.42
Bloom	5.28	7.53	7.30	10.17
Danville	4.50	7.15	8.10	10.55
	Leave	Leave	Arrive	Arrive
North'd	4.15	6.40	8.45	11.35

Connection made at Scranton by the 10.40 a.m. train for Great Bend, Binghamton, Albany and all points North, East and West.

D. T. BOUND, Sup't.

CATAWISSA RAILROAD—On and after MONDAY, Sep. 6, 1869, Passenger trains on the Catawissa Railroad will run at the following named hours:

Mail South.	STATIONS.	*Mail North*
Dep. 8.45 a.m	Williamsport.	Arr. 6.00 p. m.
" 9.15 "	Muncy.	Dep. 5.30 "
" 9.47 "	Watsontown.	" 4.57 "
" 10.05 "	Milton.	" 4.40 "
" 10.43 "	Danville.	" 4.00 "
" 11.09 "	Rupert.	" 3.40 "
" 11.17 "	Catawissa.	" 3.32 "
" 12.22 p.m.	Ringtown.	" 2.25 "
" 12.58 "	Summit.	" 1.50 "
" 1.08 "	Quakake.	" 1.40 "
" 1.29 "	E. Mahony Junc.	" 1.30 "
" 2.15 "	Dine. Tamaqua. Dine.	" 1.10 "
" 4.25 "	Reading.	" 10.40 a.m.
Arr. 6.45 "	Philadelphia.	" 8.15 "
" 9.25 "	{ To New York via. Reading or Mauch Chunk. From New York via. Mauch Chunk.	6.55 "

No Change of cars between Williamsport and Philadelphia. GEO. WEBB Sup't.

BROWN'S FAST FREIGHT

FROM PHILADELPHIA TO BLOOMSBURG,

and intermediate points. Goods forwarded with care and despatch and at low rates.

Goods, at Philadelphia, must be delivered at Ritner & Co's. 811 Market Street, For full particulars, apply to

WARE & ROBINSON, Proprietors,
Aug. 20,'69-tf. R. R. Depot, Bloomsburg, Pa.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

On and after Nov. 15th 1869, Trains will leave NORTHUMBERLAND as follows:

NORTHWARD.

8.55 A. M., Daily to Williamsport, (except Sunday) for Elmira, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo Suspension Bridge, and N. Falls.

6.30 P. M., Daily, (except Sundays) for Elmira and Buffalo via Erie Railway from Elmira.

8.30 P. M., Daily, (except Sundays) for Williamsport.

TRAINS SOUTHWARD.

10.35 A. M. Daily (except Monday's) for Baltimore

WILMINGTON AND PHILADELPHIA.

11.10 P. M. Daily (except Sunday's) for Baltimore Washington and Philadelphia.

ED. S. YOUNG,
General Passenger Agent.
ALFRED R. FISKE, Gen'l Supt.,

READING RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

MONDAY, DECEMBER 27th, 1869.

Great Trunk Line from the North and North-West for Philadelphia, New York, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Ashland, Shamokin Lebanon Allentown, Easton, Ephrata, Litiz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.,

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 5,35, and 8,10 a. m., 12,20 noon and 2,05 p. m., connecting with similar trains on Penna. Railroad, and arriving at New York at 12,15, noon, 6,00 and 10,05 p. m. respectively. Sleeping cars accompany the 5,35a. m., and 12,20 noon trains without change.

Returning: Leave New York at 9,00 a.m. and 12,00 noon and 5,00 p. m. Philadelphia 9,15 a. m, and 3,30 p. m. Sleeping cars accompany the 9,00 a. m., and 5,00 p.m., trains from N. Y. without change.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Shamokin Pine Grove, Allentown & Phila'd. at 8,10 a.m., & 2,05 & 4,10 p.m., stopping at Lebanon and principal way stations. 4,10 p.m. train connecting for Phila. Pottsville and Columbia only. For Pottsville Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad, leave Harrisburg at 8,10 a.m.

Way Passenger Train leaves Philadelphia at 7,30 a.m., connecting with similar train on East Pa. railroad returning from Reading at 6,25 p. m. stopping at all stations.

Leave Pottsville at 5,30 and 9,00 a.m., and 2,45 p.m. Herndon at 9,30 a. m., Shamokin at 5,40 and 10,40 a. m., Ashland at 7,05 a.m. and 12,30 noon Tamaqua at 6,35 a. m., and 2,20 p. m. for Philadelphia and New York.

Leave Pottsville via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 8,45 a.m. for Harrisburg, and 11,30 a. m., for Pine Grove and Tremont.

Reading Accommodation Train leaves Pottsville at 5,40 a. m., passes Reading at 7,30 a. m., arriving at Philadelphia at 10,20 a. m. Returning, leaves Philadelphia at 4,45 p. m., passing Reading at 7,40 p.m., arriving at Pottsville at 9,30 p.m.

Pottstown Accommodation Train leaves Pottstown at 6,45 a.m.., returning, leaves Philadelphia at 4,00 p.m.

Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 7,15 a.m., and 6-45 p.m. for Ephrata, Litiz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.,

Perkiomen Rail Road Trains leave Perkiomen Junction at 9,00 a. m., 3,00 & 5,30 p. m. returning: leave Schwenksville at 8,05 a.m., 12,45 noon, and 4,15 p.m., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

Colebrookdale Railroad trains leave Pottstown at 8,40 a. m and 6,20 p. m., returning leave Mount Pleasant at 7,00 and 11,25 a. m., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

Chester Valley Railroad Trains leave Bridgeport at 8,30 a. m. and 2,05 and 5,02 p. m. returning, leave Downington at 6,50 a. m., 12,05 noon and 5,15 p. m., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

On Sundays, leave New York at 5,00 p.m., Philadelphia at 8,00 a.m. and 3,15 p.m., (the 8,00 a.m. train running only to Reading;) Pottsville 8,00 a.m.; Harrisburg at 5,35 a. m. and 4,10 p. m. and Reading at 7,15 a. m. and 10,05 p. m. for Harrisburg, at 7,25 a. m. for New York, and at 9,40 a. m and 4,25 p. m. for Philadelphia.

Commutation, Mileage, Season, School and Excursion Tickets to and from all points, at reduced rates.

Baggage checked through; 100 pounds allowed each passenger.

G. A. NICOLLS,
General Superintendent.
Reading, Pa., Dec. 27 1869.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA, & WESTERN RAILROAD.—Winter arrangement, Jan. 17, 1870. Trains leave as follows:

EASTWARD. Accom.	Mail	STATIONS.	Mail	WESTWARD. Accom.
	P.M.	Via M. & E. Divis.	A.M.	
	—	Ar] New York. [Lv	—	
	5.00	(*Foot Barclay St.*)	8.00	
	5.00	Christopher St.	8.00	
	4.45	Hoboken	8.15	
	4.20	Newark	8.40	
	1.09	Washington	11.30	
	—	via Cen. RR. of N.J.	—	
	—	New York	—	
	3.50	(*Foot Liberty St.*)	9.00	
	1.23	New Hampton	11.15	
	12.55	Oxford	11.45	
	12.45	Bridgeville	11.55	
	5.10	Philadelphia	7.30	
	3.46	Trenton	8.45	
	1.30	Phillipsburg	11.05	
	12.38	Manunka Chunk	12.05	
	12.33	Delaware	12.30	
	12.15	Mount Bethel	12.50	
	12.00	Water Gap	12.45	
	11.46	Stroudsburg	1.00	
	11.30	Sprague ville	1.10	
	11.28	Henryville	1.20	
	11.09	Oakland	1.58	
	10.51	Forks	1.53	
	10.32	Tobyhanna	2.16	
	10.19	Gouldsboro	2.34	
	9.55	Moscow	2.52	
	9.45	Dunning	3.03	A.M
.12	9.15	Scranton	3.45	9.30
.50	8.43	Clark's Summit	4.07	9.58
.40	8.35	Abington	4.15	10.18
5.27	8.19	Factoryville	4.31	10.40
4.55	7.53	Nicholson	4.55	11.03
4.25	7.38	Hopbottom	5.15	11.25
3.59	7.15	Montrose	5.35	11.51
3.35	6.54	New Milford	5.55	12.15
3.15	6.40	Great Bend	6.10	12.35
P.M	A.M.		P.M.	P.M.

CONNECTIONS.

At Binghamton with Erie Railway. Mail Train from New York connects with the Express Mail, leaving Binghamton at 8.37 P. M., with a sleeping Coach attached, stopping at all stations, and reaching Buffalo the next morning at 6.30.

Accommodation Train from Scranton connects with Way Train leaving Binghamton for Owego and Ithaca and the West at 2.00 P. M.; also connecting with Train on Syracuse, Binghamton & N. Y. R. R. for Syracuse, Oswego, &c., at 5.10 P. M. and with Train on Albany & Susquehanna R. R. for Albany and the North at 2.30 P. M.

Mail Train leaves Binghamton after the arrival (3.47 A. M.) of the Night Express from Buffalo.

Accommodation Train leaves Binghamton after the arrival of the Express Mail from Buffalo at 7.00 A. M.; also, Train leaving Syracuse at 8.15 A. M.

At Scranton, with Lackawanna & Bloomsburg R. R., and Delaware, Lackawanna Canal Co. R. R., Mail Train from New York connects with Trains for Pittston, Wilkesbarre, Bloomsburg, Danville, Northumberland, Olyphant, Archbald, and Carbondale. Mail Train to New York, and the Accommodation to Binghamton also connect with trains on the above-named roads. The Accommodation from Binghamton connects with Lackawanna and Bloomsburg for Pittston Wyoming, and wilkes-Barre.

At Manunka Chunk, with Belvidere Delaware R. R., Mail Trains from New York and from Binghamton connect with the train from and to Philadelphia, stopping at all stations.

At New Hampton, with Central R. R. of New Jersey, for and from New York, Elizabeth, Plain field, Somerville, &c.

At Washington, with Morris & Essex R. R., for New York, Newark, Morristown, Dover, Hacketstown, Easton, &c. W. F. HALLSTEAD, Supt.

R. A. HENRY, Gen. Pass. and Tkt. Agent.

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NEW STOCK OF CLOTHING.

Fresh arrival of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

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CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE CLOTHING.

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